

GENERAL INFORMATION

AC100+ GOLD®

Vinylester Injection Adhesive Anchoring System

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The AC100+ Gold is a two-component vinylester adhesive anchoring system. The system includes injection adhesive in plastic cartridges, mixing nozzles, dispensing tools and hole cleaning equipment. The adhesive is designed for bonding threaded rod and reinforcing bar elements into drilled holes in concrete and masonry base materials. It can be considered for use in solid base materials as well as hollow base materials with screen tubes.

GENERAL APPLICATIONS AND USES

- Bonding threaded rod and reinforcing bar into hardened concrete and masonry
- Evaluated for use in dry and water-saturated concrete (including water filled holes)
- Suitable to resist loads in cracked or uncracked concrete base materials
- Adhesive system can be installed in a wide range of base material temperatures; qualified for structural applications in concrete and masonry as low as 14°F (-10°C)
- Qualified for seismic (earthquake) and wind loading (SDC A F)

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- + Designed for use with threaded rod and reinforcing bar hardware elements
- + Consistent performance in low and high strength concrete
- + Evaluated and recognized for freeze/thaw performance and sustained loading
- + Evaluated and recognized for a range of embedments
- + Versatile low odor formula with optimized cure time
- + Evaluated and recognized for long term and short term loading (see performance tables)
- + Mixing nozzles proportion adhesive and provide simple delivery method into drilled holes
- + Cartridge design allows for multiple uses using extra mixing nozzles
- + Universal product for concrete and masonry (hollow and solid base materials)

APPROVALS AND LISTINGS

- International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES) ESR-2582 for concrete
- International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES) ESR-3200 for masonry
- International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES) ESR-4105 for Unreinforced Masonry (URM)
- Code compliant with the 2021 IBC/IRC, 2018 IBC/IRC, 2015 IBC/IRC and 2012 IBC/IRC
- Tested in accordance with ASTM E488 / ACI 355.4 and ICC-ES AC308 for use in structural concrete with design according to ACI 318 (-19 & -14) Chapter 17 and ACI 318 Appendix D
- Tested in accordance with ICC-ES AC58 and ICC-ES AC60 for use in masonry walls
- Compliant with NSF/ANSI Standard 61 for drinking water system components health effects
- Compliant to California DPH for VOC emissions and South Coast AQMD for VOC content (LEED v4.1)
- Conforms to requirements of ASTM C881 including C882 and AASHTO M235, Types I, II, IV and V, Grade 3, Class A and conforms to requirements of ASTM C881 Types I and IV, Grade 3, Class B
- Department of Transportation listings see www.DEWALT.com or contact transportation agency

GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

CSI Divisions: $03\ 16\ 00$ - Concrete Anchors, $04\ 05\ 19.16$ - Masonry Anchors and $05\ 05\ 19$ - Post-Installed Concrete Anchors. Adhesive anchoring system shall be AC100+ Gold as supplied by DEWALT, Towson, MD. Anchors shall be installed in accordance with published instructions and requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction.







CODE LISTED
ICC-ES ESR-2582
CONCRETE

CODE LISTED
ICC-ES ESR-3200
MASONRY

CODE LISTED
ICC-ES ESR-4105
URM



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AC100+ GOLD ADHESIVE IN CARTRIDGE (STANDARD THREADED ROD AND REBAR STEEL SUPPLIED BY OTHERS)

PACKAGING (10:1 MIX RATIO)

Coaxial / Foil Cartridge

- 9.5 fl. oz. (280 mL or 17.1 in³)
- 14 fl. oz. (420 mL or 25.6 in³)

Dual Cartridge (side-by-side)

• 28 fl. oz. (825 mL or 50.3 in³)

STORAGE LIFE & CONDITIONS

Eighteen months in a dry, dark environment with temperature ranging from 32°F and 86°F (-0°C to 30°C)

ANCHOR SIZE RANGE (TYPICAL)

- 3/8" to 1-1/4" diameter threaded rod
- No. 3 to No. 10 reinforcing bar

SUITABLE BASE MATERIALS

- · Normal-weight concrete
- Lightweight concrete
- · Grouted concrete masonry (CMU)
- Hollow concrete masonry (CMU)
- Hollow core concrete
- Brick masonry
- Unreinforced Masonry (URM Walls)

PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS (ADHESIVE)

- Dry concrete
- Water-saturated concrete (wet)
- Water-filled holes (flooded)



INSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS

Installation Table for AC100+ Gold (Solid Concrete Base Materials)

| Parameter | Symbol | Units | | | Fra | actional Non | ninal Rod Dia | ameter (Inch |) / Reinforci | ing Bar Size | | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| rai ailietei | Эунион | UIIILS | 3/8 or #3 | 1/2 | #4 | 5/8 or #5 | 3/4 or #6 | 7/8 or #7 | 1 or #8 | #9 | 1-1/4 | #10 |
| Threaded rod outside diameter | da (d) | inch (mm) | 0.375 (9.5) | | 500 2.7) | 0.625 (15.9) | 0.750 (19.1) | 0.875 (22.2) | 1.000 (25.4) | - | 1.250 (31.8) | - |
| Rebar nominal outside diameter | da (d) | inch (mm) | 0.375 (9.5) | | 500 2.7) | 0.625 (15.9) | 0.750 (19.1) | 0.875 (22.2) | 1.000 (25.4) | 1.125 (28.7) | - | 1.250 (31.8) |
| Nominal drill bit size (ANSI) ⁶ | do (dbit) | inch | 7/16 | 9/16 | 5/8 | 11/16 or 3/4 | 7/8 | 1 | 1-1/8 | 1-3/8 | 1-3/8 | 1-1/2 |
| Minimum embedment ¹ | h _{ef,min} | inch (mm) | 2-3/8 (60) | | 3/4 0) | 3-1/8 (79) | 3-1/2 (89) | 3-1/2 (89) | 4 (102) | 4-1/2 (114) | 5 (127) | 5 (127) |
| Maximum embedment ¹ | h _{ef,max} | inch (mm) | 4-1/2 (114) | | 5 52) | 7-1/2 (191) | 9 (229) | 10-1/2 (267) | 12 (305) | 13-1/2 (343) | 15 (381) | 15 (381) |
| Minimum member thickness | h _{min} | inch (mm) | | + 1-1/4 + 30) | | | | | hef + 2do | | | |
| Minimum anchor spacing | Smin | inch (mm) | 1-7/8 (48) | | 1/2 4) | 3-1/8 (79) | 3-3/4 (95) | 4-3/8 (111) | 5 (127) | 5-5/8 (143) | 6-1/4 (159) | 6-1/4 (159) |
| Minimum edge distance (up to 100% T _{max}) | Cmin | inch (mm) | 1-7/8 (48) | 2- ⁻ (6 | 1/2 4) | 3-1/8 (79) | 3-3/4 (95) | 4-3/8 (111) | 5 (127) | 5-5/8 (143) | 6-1/4 (159) | 6-1/4 (159) |
| Max. rod torque ² | T _{max} | ft-lbs | 15 | 3 | 3 | 60 | 105 | 125 | 165 | - | 280 | - |
| Minimum edge distance, reduced ^{4,5} | C _{min,red} | inch (mm) | 1-3/4 (45) | | 3/4 5) | 1-3/4 (45) | 1-3/4 (45) | 1-3/4 (45) | 1-3/4 (45) | 2-3/4 (70) | 2-3/4 (70) | 2-3/4 (70) |
| Max. torque ^{2,3} (low strength rods) | T _{max,ls-rod} | ft-lbs | 7 | 2 | 0 | 40 | 60 | 100 | 165 | - | 280 | - |

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N-m = 0.7375 ft-lbf. For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 ft-lbf = 1.356 N-m.

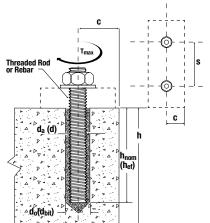
- 1. Embedment range qualified for use with the design provisions of ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D as applicable and ICC-ES AC308, and ESR-2582.
- 2. Torque may not be applied to the anchors until the full cure time of the adhesive has been achieved.
- 3. These torque values apply to ASTM A36 / F1554 Grade 36 carbon steel threaded rods and ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M (Class 1) stainless steel threaded rods.
- 4. For installation below the minimum edge distance, cmin, down to the reduced minimum edge distance, cmin,red, the reduced maximum torque is 0.45*Tmax.
- 5. For installations down to the reduced minimum edge distance, cmin,red, the minimum anchor spacing, smin, is 5da.
- 6. The listed drill bit sizes are also applicable to installations into grouted concrete masonry.

Installation Table for AC100+ Gold (Hollow Base Material with Screen Tube)

| Parameter | Symbol | Units | ts Nominal Tube Size - Stainless Steel | | | | | | | Nominal Tube Size - Plastic | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|--------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|
| Nominal threaded rod size | - | in. | 1/4 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 5/8 | 3. | /4 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 5/8 | | |
| Nominal threaded rod diameter | d | in. | 0.250 | 0.375 | 0.500 | 0.625 | 0.7 | '50 | 0.375 | 0.500 | 0.625 | | |
| Reinforcing bar size | - | No. | - | - | #3 | #4 | #5 | #6 | - | - | - | | |
| Nominal rebar diameter | d | in. | - | - | 0.375 | 0.500 | 0.625 | 0.750 | - | - | - | | |
| Nominal screen tube diameter | - | in. | 1/4 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 5/8 | 3/4 | 15/16 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 5/8 | | |
| Nominal drill bit size (ANSI) | dbit | in. | 3/8 | 1/2 | 5/8 | 3/4 | 7/8 | 1 | 9/16 | 3/4 | 7/8 | | |
| Maximum torque ¹ | T _{max} | ft-lbs | 3 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 5 | 8 | 8 | | |

^{1.} Torque may not be applied to the anchors until the full cure time of the adhesive has been achieved.

Detail of Steel Hardware Elements used with Injection Adhesive System



Nomenclature

da (d) = Diameter of anchor

do (dbit) = Diameter of drilled hole
h = Base material thickness

s = Spacing of anchors c = Edge distance

 $\begin{array}{lll} h &= \text{Base material thickness} & T_{\text{max}} &= \text{Maximum torque} \\ h_{\text{nom}} \left(h_{\text{ef}} \right) &= \text{Embedment depth} \end{array}$

Threaded Rod and Deformed Reinforcing Bar Material Properties

| Steel Specification (ASTM) | Nominal Anchor Size (inch/No.) | Minimum Yield Strength, fy (psi) | Minimum Ultimate Strength, f _u (psi) |
|---|---|---|--|
| ASTM A36 and F1554 Grade 36 | 3/8 through 1-1/4 | 36,000 | 58,000 |
| ASTM F1554 Grade 55 | 3/8 through 1-1/4 | 55,000 | 75,000 |
| ΑΝΑ ΜΤΩΑ | 3/8 through 1 | 92,000 | 120,000 |
| ASTIVI A449 | 1-1/4 | 81,000 | 105,000 |
| ASTM A193 Grade B7 and F1554 Grade 105 | 3/8 through 1-1/4 | 105,000 | 125,000 |
| ACTM EEO2 Condition CW | 3/8 through 5/8 | 65,000 | 100,000 |
| ASTIVI F393 CONDITION CW | 3/4 through 1-1/4 | 45,000 | 85,000 |
| ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M, Class 1 | 3/8 through 1-1/4 | 30,000 | 75,000 |
| ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M2, Class 2B | 3/8 through 1-1/4 | 75,000 | 95,000 |
| ASTM A615, A767, Grade 75 | #3 through #10 | 75,000 | 100,000 |
| ASTM A615, A767, Grade 60 | #3 through #10 | 60,000 | 90,000 |
| ASTM A706, A767, Grade 60 | #3 through #10 | 60,000 | 80,000 |
| ASTM A615, A767, Grade 40 | #3 through #6 | 40,000 | 60,000 |
| | ASTM A36 and F1554 Grade 36 ASTM F1554 Grade 55 ASTM A449 ASTM A193 Grade B7 and F1554 Grade 105 ASTM F593 Condition CW ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M, Class 1 ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M2, Class 2B ASTM A615, A767, Grade 75 ASTM A615, A767, Grade 60 ASTM A706, A767, Grade 60 | ASTM A36 and F1554 Grade 36 ASTM F1554 Grade 55 ASTM A449 ASTM A193 Grade B7 and F1554 Grade 105 ASTM F1554 Grade 105 ASTM F1554 Grade 105 ASTM F1554 Grade 105 ASTM F153 Condition CW ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M, Class 1 ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M2, Class 2B ASTM A615, A767, Grade 75 ASTM A615, A767, Grade 60 ASTM A706, A767, Grade 60 ASTM A706, A767, Grade 60 #3 through #10 | Steel Specification (ASTM) Nominal Anchor Size (inch/No.) Yield Strength, f, (psi) ASTM A36 and F1554 Grade 36 3/8 through 1-1/4 36,000 ASTM F1554 Grade 55 3/8 through 1-1/4 55,000 ASTM A449 3/8 through 1 92,000 ASTM A193 Grade B7 and F1554 Grade 105 3/8 through 1-1/4 105,000 ASTM F593 Condition CW 3/8 through 5/8 65,000 ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M, Class 1 3/8 through 1-1/4 45,000 ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M2, Class 2B 3/8 through 1-1/4 75,000 ASTM A615, A767, Grade 75 #3 through #10 75,000 ASTM A615, A767, Grade 60 #3 through #10 60,000 ASTM A706, A767, Grade 60 #3 through #10 60,000 |

Tabulated material properties are provided for reference; other steel hardware elements may also be considered such as ASTM A706 Grade 80 reinforcing bars.

For Unreinforced Masonry (URM Walls) see separate installation details and information in these tech pages for 'Retrofit Bolt Anchors in URM Walls'.



PERFORMANCE DATA (ASD)

Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for AC100+ Gold Installed into Normal Weight Concrete with Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar (based on bond strength/concrete capacity)^{1,2,3,4,5,6}



| | | | | Min | imum Concrete C | Compressive Stre | ngth | | |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Nominal Rod | Minimum | f'c = 3, | 000 psi | f'c = 4, | 000 psi | f'c = 5, | 000 psi | f'c = 6, | 000 psi |
| Diameter or Rebar Size d in. or No. | Embedment Depth h _{nom} in. | Ultimate Tension Load Capacity Ibs (kN) | Allowable Tension Load Capacity Ibs (kN) |
| | 2-3/8 | 4,840 (21.5) | 1,210 (5.4) | 5,040 (22.4) | 1,260 (5.6) | 5,180 (23.0) | 1,295 (5.8) | 5,320 (23.7) | 1,330 (5.9) |
| 3/8 or #3 | 3-1/2 | 7,140 (31.8) | 1,785 (7.9) | 7,420 (33.0) | 1,855 (8.3) | 7,640 (34.0) | 1,910 (8.5) | 7,820 (34.8) | 1,955 (8.7) |
| | 4-1/2 | 9,180 (40.8) | 2,295 (10.2) | 9,540 (42.4) | 2,385 (10.6) | 9,820 (43.7) | 2,455 (10.9) | 10,060 (44.7) | 2,515 (11.2) |
| | 2-3/4 | 7,980 (35.5) | 1,995 (8.9) | 8,280 (36.8) | 2,070 (9.2) | 8,540 (38.0) | 2,135 (9.5) | 8,740 (38.9) | 2,185 (9.7) |
| 1/2 or #4 | 4-3/8 | 12,720 (56.6) | 3,180 (14.1) | 13,200 (58.7) | 3,300 (14.7) | 13,580 (60.4) | 3,395 (15.1) | 13,900 (61.8) | 3,475 (15.5) |
| | 6 | 17,420 (77.5) | 4,355 (19.4) | 18,100 (80.5) | 4,525 (20.1) | 18,620 (82.8) | 4,655 (20.7) | 19,080 (84.9) | 4,770 (21.2) |
| | 3-1/8 | 11,220 (49.9) | 2,805 (12.5) | 11,660 (51.9) | 2,915 (13.0) | 12,000 (53.4) | 3,000 (13.3) | 12,300 (54.7) | 3,075 (13.7) |
| 5/8 or #5 | 5-1/4 | 19,200 (85.4) | 4,800 (21.4) | 19,960 (88.8) | 4,990 (22.2) | 20,540 (91.4) | 5,135 (22.8) | 21,020 (93.5) | 5,255 (23.4) |
| | 7-1/2 | 27,660 (123.0) | 6,915 (30.8) | 28,720 (127.8) | 7,180 (31.9) | 29,560 (131.5) | 7,390 (32.9) | 30,280 (134.7) | 7,570 (33.7) |
| | 3-1/2 | 13,320 (59.3) | 3,330 (14.8) | 13,820 (61.5) | 3,455 (15.4) | 14,220 (63.3) | 3,555 (15.8) | 14,560 (64.8) | 3,640 (16.2) |
| 3/4 or #6 | 6-1/4 | 26,880 (119.6) | 6,720 (29.9) | 27,900 (124.1) | 6,975 (31.0) | 28,720 (127.8) | 7,180 (31.9) | 29,420 (130.9) | 7,355 (32.7) |
| | 9 | 40,440 (179.9) | 10,110 (45.0) | 42,000 (186.8) | 10,500 (46.7) | 43,220 (192.3) | 10,805 (48.1) | 44,260 (196.9) | 11,065 (49.2) |
| | 3-1/2 | 13,320 (59.3) | 3,330 (14.8) | 13,820 (61.5) | 3,455 (15.4) | 14,220 (63.3) | 3,555 (15.8) | 14,560 (64.8) | 3,640 (16.2) |
| 7/8 or #7 | 7 | 36,680 (163.2) | 9,170 (40.8) | 38,080 (169.4) | 9,520 (42.3) | 39,200 (174.4) | 9,800 (43.6) | 40,140 (178.6) | 10,035 (44.6) |
| | 10-1/2 | 60,040 (267.1) | 15,010 (66.8) | 62,340 (277.3) | 15,585 (69.3) | 64,180 (285.5) | 16,045 (71.4) | 65,700 (292.2) | 16,425 (73.1) |
| | 4 | 16,260 (72.3) | 4,065 (18.1) | 16,880 (75.1) | 4,220 (18.8) | 17,380 (77.3) | 4,345 (19.3) | 17,800 (79.2) | 4,450 (19.8) |
| 1 or #8 | 8 | 46,540 (207.0) | 11,635 (51.8) | 48,300 (214.8) | 12,075 (53.7) | 49,740 (221.3) | 12,435 (55.3) | 50,920 (226.5) | 12,730 (56.6) |
| | 12 | 76,820 (341.7) | 19,205 (85.4) | 79,740 (354.7) | 19,935 (88.7) | 82,080 (365.1) | 20,520 (91.3) | 84,060 (373.9) | 21,015 (93.5) |
| | 5 | 22,740 (101.2) | 5,685 (25.3) | 23,600 (105.0) | 5,900 (26.2) | 24,300 (108.1) | 6,075 (27.0) | 24,880 (110.7) | 6,220 (27.7) |
| 1-1/4 or #10 | 10 | 65,880 (293.0) | 16,470 (73.3) | 68,400 (304.3) | 17,100 (76.1) | 70,420 (313.2) | 17,605 (78.3) | 72,100 (320.7) | 18,025 (80.2) |
| | 15 | 93,775 (417.1) | 23,445 (104.3) | 97,350 (433.1) | 24,340 (108.3) | 100,225 (445.8) | 25,055 (111.5) | 102,615 (456.5) | 25,655 (114.1) |

- 1. Allowable load capacities listed are calculated using an applied safety factor of 4.0 which includes an assessment of freezing/thawing conditions and sensitivity to sustained loads (i.e. creep resistance). Consideration of safety factors of 10 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety or overhead.
- 2. Linear interpolation may be used to determine allowable loads for intermediate embedments and compressive strengths.
- 3. The tabulated load values are applicable to single anchors installed at critical edge and spacing distances of 3 times embedment and where the minimum member thickness is the greater of [hnom + 1-1/4] and [hnom + 2doit].
- 4. The tabulated load values are applicable for dry uncracked concrete installed into holes drilled with a hammer drill and an ANSI carbide drill bit. Installations into saturated (wet) concrete or water-filled holes require a reduction in capacity for tabulated values of 15 percent or 50 percent, respectively.
- 5. Adhesives experience reductions in capacity at elevated temperatures. See the In-Service Temperature chart for allowable loads capacity reduction factors.
- 6. Allowable bond strength/concrete capacity must be checked against allowable steel strength to determine the controlling allowable load. Allowable shear capacity is controlled by allowable steel strength for the given conditions.



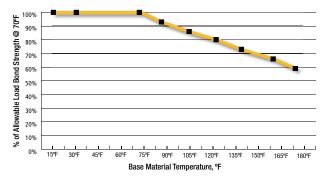


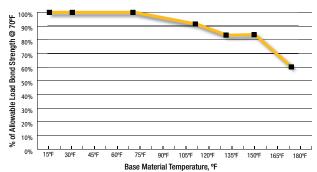
Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar (Based on Steel Strength)12.3.4

| | | | | | | | Steel Ele | ements - | Threaded | l Rod and | d Reinfor | cing Bar | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Rod Diameter or Rebar | A36 or Grad | | A36 or Grad | F1554, le 55 | A193, B7 or l Grade | | F593, 0 | CW (SS) | ASTM Grad Rei | le 40 | ASTM Grad Rei | e 60 | ASTM Grad Re | le 60 | ASTM Grad Re | e 75 | ASTM Grad Rei | le 80 |
| Size (in. or No.) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear lbs (kN) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear lbs (kN) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear lbs (kN) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear lbs (kN) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear lbs (kN) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear lbs (kN) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear lbs (kN) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear lbs (kN) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear Ibs (kN) |
| 3/8 or #3 | 2,115 (9.4) | 1,090 (4.8) | 2,735 (12.2) | 1,410 (6.3) | 4,555 (20.3) | 2,345 (10.4) | 3,645 (16.2) | 1,880 (8.4) | 2,210 (9.8) | 1,125 (5.0) | 2,650 (11.8) | 1,690 (7.5) | 2,650 (11.8) | 1,500 (6.7) | 2,650 (11.8) | 1,875 (8.3) | 2,650 (11.8) | 1,875 (8.3) |
| 1/2 or #4 | 3,760 (16.7) | 1,935 (8.6) | 4,860 (21.6) | 2,505 (11.1) | 8,100 (36.0) | 4,170 (18.5) | 6,480 (28.8) | 3,340 (14.9) | 3,925 (17.5) | 2,005 (8.9) | 4,710 (21.0) | 3,005 (13.4) | 4,710 (21.0) | 2,670 (11.9) | 4,710 (21.0) | 3,335 (14.8) | 4,710 (21.0) | 3,335 (14.8) |
| 5/8 or #5 | 5,870 (26.1) | 3,025 (13.5) | 7,595 (33.8) | 3,910 (17.4) | 12,655 (56.3) | 6,520 (29.0) | 10,125 (45.0) | 5,215 (23.2) | 6,135 (27.3) | 3,130 (13.9) | 7,365 (32.8) | 4,695 (20.9) | 7,365 (32.8) | 4,170 (18.5) | 7,365 (32.8) | 5,215 (23.2) | 7,365 (32.8) | 5,215 (23.2) |
| 3/4 or #6 | 8,455 (37.6) | 4,355 (19.4) | 10,935 (48.6) | 5,635 (25.1) | 18,225 (81.1) | 9,390 (41.8) | 12,390 (55.1) | 6,385 (28.4) | 8,835 (39.3) | 4,505 (20.0) | 10,605 (47.2) | 6,760 (30.1) | 10,605 (47.2) | 6,010 (26.7) | 10,605 (47.2) | 7,510 (33.4) | 10,605 (47.2) | 7,510 (33.4) |
| 7/8 or #7 | 11,510 (51.2) | 5,930 (26.4) | 14,885 (66.2) | 7,665 (34.1) | 24,805 (110.3) | 12,780 (56.8) | 16,865 (75.0) | 8,690 (38.7) | - | - | 14,430 (64.2) | 9,200 (40.9) | 14,430 (64.2) | 8,180 (36.4) | 14,430 (64.2) | 10,220 (45.5) | 14,430 (64.2) | 10,220 (45.5) |
| 1 or #8 | 15,035 (66.9) | 7,745 (34.5) | 19,440 (86.5) | | 32,400 (144.1) | | 22,030 (98.0) | 11,350 (50.5) | - | - | 18,850 (83.8) | 12,015 (53.4) | 18,850 (83.8) | 10,680 (47.5) | 18,850 (83.8) | 13,350 (59.4) | 18,850 (83.8) | 13,350 (59.4) |
| #9 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 23,985 (106.7) | 15,290 (68.0) | 23,985 (106.7) | | 23,985 (106.7) | | 23,985 (106.7) | 16,990 (75.6) |
| 1-1/4 | 23,490 (104.5) | | 30,375 (135.1) | | 50,620 (225.2) | | | 17,735 (78.9) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| #10 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 30,405 (135.2) | | 30,405 (135.2) | | 30,405 (135.2) | | 30,405 (135.2) | 21,535 (95.8) |

- 1. AISC defined steel strength (ASD) for threaded rod: Tensile = 0.33 \bullet Fu \bullet Anom, Shear = 0.17 \bullet Fu \bullet Anom
- 2. For reinforcing bars: The allowable steel tensile strength is based on 20 ksi for Grade 40 and 24 ksi for Grade 60 and higher, applied to the cross sectional area of the bar; allowable steel shear strength = 0.17 • Fu • Anom
- 3. Allowable load capacities are calculated for the steel element type. Consideration of applying additional safety factors may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety
- Allowable steel strength in tension must be checked against allowable bond strength/concrete capacity in tension to determine the controlling allowable load.

In-Service Temperature Chart For Allowable Load Capacities Concrete Base Materials Masonry Units







Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with AC100+ Gold into Grout-Filled Concrete Masonry (Based on Bond Strength/Masonry Strength)^{1,2,3,7,9,12}



| Anchor Diameter d inch | Minimum Embedment hnom inch | Critical Spacing Distance Sar inch | Minimum Edge Distance Cmin inch | Minimum End Distance Cmin inch | Tension Load lbs | Direction of Shear Loading | Shear Load lbs | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--|--------------------|
| | | And | chor Installed Into Gr | outed Masonry Wall | Faces ^{4,5,6,8,10,11,13} | | | | |
| | | | 3 | 3 | 615 | Towards Edge/End | 275 | | |
| 3/8 |] 3 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 013 | Away From Edge/End | 340 | | |
| 3/0 |] | " | 3 | 4 | 735 | Any | 490 | | |
| | | | 12 | 12 | 960 | Any | 855 | | |
| | | | 3 | 3 | 720 | Towards Edge/End | 430 | | |
| | 1 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 720 | Away From Edge/End | 1320 | | |
| 1/0 | 1/2 4 | | 4 | 4 | 960 | Any | 655 | | |
| 1/2 | | | 12 | 12 | | Towards Edge/End | 1430 | | |
| | 1 | | | | | 12 | 12 | | Away From Edge/End |
| | | | 7-3/4 (Bed Joint) | 3 | 935 | Load To Edge | 460 | | |
| | | | 3 | 3 | 710 | Towards Edge/End | 460 | | |
| | 1 | | 3 | 3 | 710 | Away From Edge/End | 1410 | | |
| 5/8 | 5 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 1095 | Towards Edge/End | 1530 | | |
| | | | 12 | 12 | 1095 | Away From Edge/End | 1880 | | |
| | | | 7-3/4 (Bed Joint) | 3 | 1030 | Load To Edge | 590 | | |
| | | | 4 | 4 | 755 | Towards Edge/End | 630 | | |
| | 1 | | 4 | 4 | 755 | Away From Edge/End | 1450 | | |
| 3/4 | 6 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 1160 | Towards Edge/End | 1570 | | |
| | | | 12 | 12 | 1100 | Away From Edge/End | 1930 | | |
| | | | 7-3/4 (Bed Joint) | 4 | 945 | Load To Edge | 565 | | |

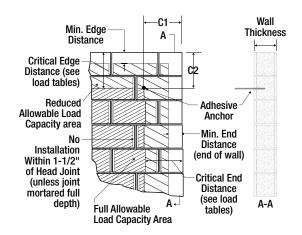
Anchor Installed Into Tops of Grouted Masonry Walls^{14,15}

| Anchor Diameter d inch | Minimum Embedment hnom inch | Minimum Spacing Distance | Minimum Edge Distance Cmin inch | Minimum End Distance Cmin inch | Tension Load lbs | Direction of Shear Loading | Shear Load lbs |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2-3/4 | | | 4 | 595 | Any | 300 |
| | 4 | 1 anchor per cell 1 anchor per block | | 3 | 520 | Load To Edge | 190 |
| 1/2 | 4 | | 1-3/4 | 3 | 1670 | Load To End | 300 |
| | 10 | | | 10-1/2 | | Load To Edge | 190 |
| | 10 | | | 10-1/2 | 1670 | Load To End | 300 |
| | 5 | 1 anabar nar aall | | 3 | 745 | Load To Edge | 240 |
| 5/8 | 5 | 1 anchor per cell | | 3 | 740 | Load To End | 300 |
| 3/6 | 12-1/2 | 1 anabar nar blaak | | 10-1/2 | 2095 | Load To Edge | 240 |
| | 12-1/2 | 1 anchor per block | 1-3/4 | 10-1/2 | 2090 | Load To End | 300 |
| 2/4 | 6 | 1 anobar par call | 1-3/4 | 4 | 1260 | Load To Edge | 410 |
| 3/4 | 6 | 1 anchor per cell | | 4 | 1200 | Load To End | 490 |

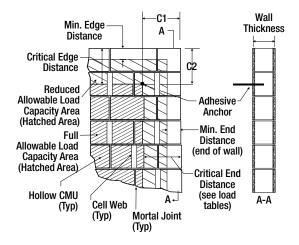
- 1. Tabulated load values are for anchors installed in nominal 8-inch wide (203 mm) Grade N, Type II, lightweight, medium-weight or normal-weight grout filled concrete masonry units with a minimum masonry strength, f'm, of 1,500 psi (10.3 MPa) conforming to ASTM C90. If the specified compressive strength of the masonry, f'm, is 2,000 psi (13.8 MPa) minimum the tabulated values may be increased by 4 percent (multiplied by 1.04).
- 2. Allowable bond or masonry strengths in tension and shear are calculated using a safety factor of 5.0 and must be checked against the allowable tension and shear capacities for threaded rod based on steel strength to determine the controlling factor. See allowable load table based on steel strength.
- 3. Embedment is measured from the outside surface of the concrete masonry unit to the embedded end of the anchor.
- 4. Anchors may be installed in the grouted cells, cell webs and bed joints not closer than 1-1/2-inch from the vertical mortar joint (head joint) provided the minimum edge and end distances are maintained. Anchors may be placed in the head joint if the vertical joint is mortared full-depth.
- 5. A maximum of two anchors may be installed in a single masonry cell in accordance with the spacing and edge or end distance requirements.
- 6. The critical spacing, s_{cr} , for use with the anchor values shown in this table is 16 anchor diameters. The critical spacing, s_{cr} , distance is the distance where the full load values in the table may be used. The minimum spacing distance, s_{min} , is the minimum anchor spacing for which values are available and installation is permitted. For 3/8-inch diameter anchors, the spacing may be reduced to 8 anchor diameters when using a tension reduction factor of 0.70 and a shear reduction factor of 0.45. For 1/2-inch and 5/8-inch diameter anchors, the spacing may be reduced to 8 anchor diameters when using a tension reduction factor of 0.85 and a shear reduction factor of 0.45. For 3/4-inch diameter anchors, the spacing may be reduced to 8 anchor diameters when using a tension reduction factor of 1.00 and a shear reduction factor of 0.45.
- 7. Spacing distance is measured from the centerline to centerline between two anchors.
- 8. The minimum edge or end distance, cmin, is the minimum distance for which values are available and installation is permitted.
- 9. Edge or end distance is measured from anchor centerline to the closest unrestrained edge.
- 10. Linear interpolation of load values between the minimum spacing, smin, and critical spacing, scr, distances and between minimum edge or end distance, cmin is permitted.
- 11. The tabulated values are applicable for anchors in the ends of grout-filled concrete masonry units where minimum edge and end distances are maintained.
- 12. The tabulated values must be adjusted for increased in-service base material temperatures in accordance with the In-Service Temperature chart, as applicable.
- 13. Concrete masonry width (wall thickness) must be equal to or greater than 1.5 times the anchor embedment depth (e.g. 3/8-inch and 1/2-inch diameter anchors are permitted in nominally 6-inch-thick concrete masonry). The 5/8-inch and 3/4-inch diameter anchors must be installed in minimum nominally 8-inch-thck concrete masonry.
- 14. Anchors must be installed into the grouted cell; anchors are not permitted to be installed in a head joint, flange or web of the concrete masonry unit.
- 15. Allowable shear loads parallel or perpendicular to the edge of a masonry wall may be applied in or out of plane.



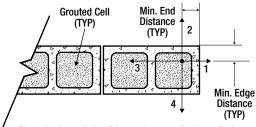
AC100+ Gold Adhesive Anchors Installed into Grouted Concrete Masonry Wall



AC100+ Gold Adhesive Anchors Installed into Hollow Concrete Masonry Wall

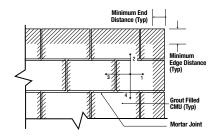


AC100+ Gold Adhesive Anchors Installed into Top of Grouted Concrete Masonry Wall



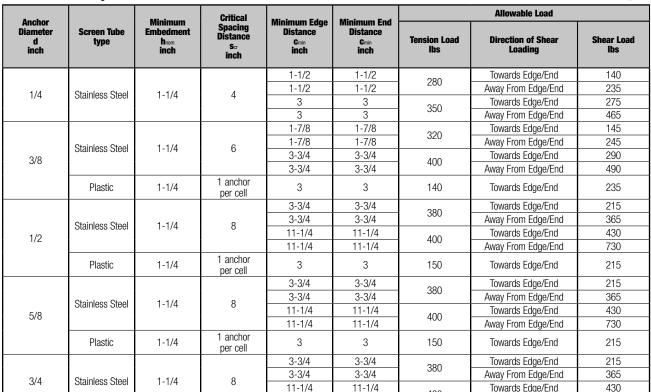
- 1. Shear load parallel to Edge and perpendicular to End
- 2. Shear load parallel to End and perpendicular to Edge
- 3. Shear load parallel to Edge and perpendicular away
- 4. Shear load parallel to End and perpendicular to opposite Edge

Direction of Shear Loading in Relation to Edge and End of Masonry Wall



- 1. Shear load parallel to Edge and perpendicular to End
- 2. Shear load parallel to End and perpendicular to Edge
- 3. Shear load parallel to Edge and perpendicular away from End
- 4. Shear load parallel to End and perpendicular away from Edge

Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with AC100+ Gold into Hollow Concrete Masonry Walls with Stainless Steel and Plastic Screen Tubes 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13



Tabulated load values are for anchors installed in hollow concrete masonry with minimum masonry strength, f'm, of 1,500 psi (10.3 MPa). Concrete masonry units must be lightweight, medium-weight or normal-weight conforming to ASTM C90. Allowable loads have been calculated using a safety factor of 5.0.

11-1/4

11-1/4

400

Away From Edge/End

730

- 2. Anchors must be installed into the hollow cell; anchors are not permitted to be installed in a mortar joint, flange or web of the concrete masonry unit.
- 3. A maximum of two anchor may be installed in a single masonry cell in accordance with the spacing and edge distance requirements, except as noted in the table.
- 4. Embedment is measured from the outside surface of the concrete masonry unit to the embedded end of the anchor.
- 5. Edge or end distance is measured from anchor centerline to the closest unrestrained edge of the CMU block.
- 6. The critical spacing, s_{cr} , for use with the anchor values shown in this table is 16 anchor diameters, except as noted in the table. The critical spacing, s_{cr} , distance is the distance where the full load values in the table may be used. The minimum spacing distance, smin, is the minimum anchor spacing for which values are available and installation is permitted. The spacing may be reduced to 8 anchor diameters by multiplying the tension load value by a reduction factor of 0.60 and multiplying the shear load value by a reduction factor of 0.45.
- 7. Spacing distance is measured from the centerline to centerline between two anchors.
- 8. Linear interpolation of load values between the minimum spacing, smin, and critical spacing, sc, distances and between minimum edge or end distance, cmin, is permitted if applicable.
- 9. Concrete masonry width (wall thickness) may be minimum nominal 6-inch-thick provided the minimum embedment (i.e. face shell thickness) is maintained.
- 10. The tabulated values are applicable for anchors in the ends of hollow concrete masonry units where minimum face shell thickness, minimum edge and end distances are maintained.
- 11. Anchors are recognized to resist dead, live and wind loads.

ANCHORS & FASTENERS

- 12. Allowable loads must be the lesser of the adjusted masonry or bond values tabulated above and the steel strength values.
- 13. The tabulated values must be adjusted for increased in-service base material temperatures in accordance with the In-Service Temperature chart, as applicable.



Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for AC100+ Gold into Precast Hollow Core Concrete with Threaded Rod and Stainless Steel Screen Tubes 1,2,3,4,5,6,7



| Anchor | | | Minimum End | Minimum Edge | Ultimat | te Load | Allowable Load | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Diameter d in. | Diameter dbit in. | h _{nom} in. (mm) | Distance in. (mm) | Distance in. (mm) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear lbs. (kN) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear lbs. (kN) | |
| 1/4 | 3/8 | 1-1/2 (38) | 4 (102) | 4 (102) | 900 (4.0) | 1,550 (6.9) | 180 (0.8) | 310 (1.4) | |
| 3/8 | 1/2 | 1-1/2 (38) | 6 (152) | 6 (152) | 1,975 (8.8) | 3,650 (16.2) | 395 (1.8) | 730 (3.2) | |
| 1/2 | 5/8 | 1-1/2 (38) | 8 (203) | 8 (203) | 4,400 (19.6) | 5,875 (26.1) | 880 (3.9) | 1,175 (5.2) | |

- 1. Tabulated load values are for anchors installed in precast hollow core concrete with minimum strength, f'm, of 5,000 psi (34.5 MPa). Allowable loads have been calculated using a safety factor of 5.0. The allowable load capacities may be increased by a factor of (f 'c / 5000)013 for concrete compressive strength between 5,000 psi and 8000 psi.
- 2. Anchors must be installed into the hollow core; anchors are not permitted to be installed in a cell web of the hollow core concrete member.
- 3. Embedment is measured from the outside surface of the concrete masonry unit to the embedded end of the anchor.
- 4. Edge or end distance is measured from anchor centerline to the closest unrestrained edge of the concrete member.
- 5. The tabulated values are for anchors installed at a minimum of 16 anchor diameters on center for 100 percent capacity. Spacing distance is measured from the centerline to centerline between
- 6. Allowable loads must be the lesser of the adjusted masonry or bond values tabulated above and the steel strength values.
- 7. The tabulated values must be adjusted for increased in-service base material temperatures in accordance with the In-Service Temperature chart, as applicable.

Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with AC100+ Gold into Brick Masonry Walls 1234



| Anchor | Drill | Minimum | Minimum End | Minimum Edge | Ultimat | e Load | Allowat | le Load | |
|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Diameter d in. | Diameter dbit in. | Embedment hnom in. (mm) | Distance in. (mm) | in. | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear lbs. (kN) | Tension lbs. (kN) | Shear Ibs. (kN) | |
| | | | Anchors Installed | into the Face of Br | ick Masonry Walls | | | | |
| | | 3-1/2 (89) | 2-1/2 (64) | 2-1/2 (64) | 3,600 (16.0) | 4,505 (20.0) | 720 (3.2) | 900 (4.0) | |
| 3/8 1/2 | 3-1/2 (89) | 6 (152) | 6 (152) | 5,845 (26.0) | 4,580 (20.4) | 1,170 (5.2) | 915 (4.1) | | |
| | | 6 (152) | 6 (152) | 6 (152) | 10,420 (46.4) | 4,580 (20.4) | 2,085 (9.3) | 915 (4.1) | |
| 1/2 | 5/8 | 6 (152) | 8 (203) | 8 (203) | 11,500 (51.2) | 9,300 (41.4) | 2,300 (10.2) | 1,860 (8.3) | |
| 5/8 | 3/4 | 3-1/8 (79) | 9-1/2 (241) | 9-1/2 (241) | 4,715 (21.0) | 7,700 (34.3) | 945 (4.2) | 1,540 (6.6) | |
| 3/6 | 3/4 | 6 (152) | 9-1/2 (241) | 9-1/2 (241) | 9,925 (44.2) | 7,700 (34.3) | 1,985 (8.8) | 1,540 (6.6) | |
| | Anchors Installed into the Top of Brick Masonry Walls | | | | | | | | |
| 3/8 | 1/2 | 3-1/2 (89) | 2-1/2 (64) | 2-1/2 (64) | 3,665 (16.3) | 2,435 (10.8) | 735 (3.3) | 485 (2.2) | |

- 1. Tabulated load values are for anchors installed in minimum 2 wythe, Grade SW, solid clay brick masonry conforming to ASTM C 62. Mortar and minimum mortar strength must meet Type N, S or M.
- 2. Allowable loads are calculated using an applied safety factor or 5.0. Consideration of safety factors of 10 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety.
- 3. Allowable loads apply to installations in the face of brick or mortar joint. The tabulated values are for anchors installed at a minimum of 16 anchor diameters on center for 100 percent capacity.
- 4. The tabulated values must be adjusted for increased in-service base material temperatures in accordance with the In-Service Temperature chart, as applicable.



Allowable Load Capacities AC100+ Gold with for Threaded Rods and Reinforcing Bars or Rebar Dowel Installed in Unreinforced Masonry Walls with Stainless Steel Screen Tubes^{1,2} (Retrofit Bolt Anchors in URM Walls with Low Minimum Mortar Strengths)



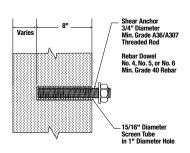


Figure 1

Shear Anchor – Configuration A (See Figure 1)

| Rod Dia. or Rebar Size d in. | Minimum Embed. hoom in. (mm) | Minimum Wall Thickness in. (mm) | Allowable Tension Ibs. (kN) | Allowable Shear Ibs. (kN) |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 3/4 | 8 (203) | 13 (330) | See note 3 | 1,000 (4.5) |
| No. 4 | 8 (203) | 13 (330) | See note 3 | 500 (2.3) |
| No. 5 | 8 (203) | 13 (330) | See note 3 | 750 (3.4) |
| No. 6 | 8 (203) | 13 (330) | See note 3 | 1,000 (4.5) |

- 1. Allowable load values are applicable only where in-place shear tests indicate minimum mortar strength of 35 psi net.
- 2. The anchors installed in unreinforced brick walls are limited to resisting seismic or wind loads only.
- 3. Tension loading for these anchors is outside the scope of ICC-ES ESR-4105 and AC60.

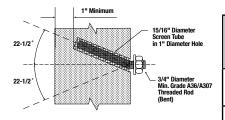


Figure 2

22-1/2° Combination Anchor – Configuration B (See Figure 2)

| Rod Dia. d in. | Minimum Embed. hnom in. (mm) | Minimum Wall Thickness in. (mm) | Allowable Tension Ibs. (kN) | Allowable Shear Ibs. (kN) |
|----------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 3/4 | Within 1 inch (25mm) of opposite wall surface | 13 (330) | 1,200 (5.4) | 1,000 (4.5) |

- 1. Allowable load values are applicable only where in-place shear tests indicate minimum mortar strength of 35 psi net.
- 2. The anchors installed in unreinforced brick walls are limited to resisting seismic or wind loads only.

| Anchor Description | Minimum Vertical Spacing in. | Minimum Horizontal Spacing in. | Minimum Edge Distance in. |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Shear Anchor - Configuration A (See Figure 1) | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| 22-1/2° Combination Anchor - Configuration B (See Figure 2) | 16 | 16 | 16 |



STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION

Steel Tension and Shear Design for Threaded Rod in Normal Weight Concrete





| | | | | Nominal Rod Diameter ¹ (inch) | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------|--|---|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | Design Information | Symbol | Units | 3/8 | 1/2 | 5/8 | 3/4 | 7/8 | 1 | 1-1/4 |
| T | | | inch | 0.375 | 0.500 | 0.625 | 0.750 | 0.875 | 1.000 | 1.250 |
| Inreaded rod | nominal outside diameter | da | (mm) | (9.5) | (12.7) | (15.9) | (19.1) | (22.2) | (25.4) | (31.8) |
| Threaded rod | effective cross-sectional area | Ase | inch² (mm²) | 0.0775 (50) | 0.1419 (92) | 0.2260 (146) | 0.3345 (216) | 0.4617 (298) | 0.6057 (391) | 0.9691 (625) |
| | Nominal strength as governed by | N _{sa} | lbf (kN) | 4,495 (20.0) | 8,230 (36.6) | 13,110 (58.3) | 19,400 (86.3) | 26,780 (119.1) | 35,130 (156.3) | 56,210 (250.0) |
| ASTM A36 and | steel strength (for a single anchor) | Vsa | lbf (kN) | 2,695 (12.0) | 4,940 (22.0) | 7,860 (35.0) | 11,640 (51.8) | 16,070 (71.4) | 21,080 (93.8) | 33,725 (150.0) |
| ASTM F1554 Grade 36 | Reduction factor for seismic shear | €V,seis | - | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| Grade 30 | Strength reduction factor for tension ² | ϕ | - | | | | 0.75 | | | |
| | Strength reduction factor for shear ² | φ | - | | | | 0.65 | | | |
| | Nominal strength as governed by | Nsa | lbf (kN) | 5,810 (25.9) | 10,640 (47.3) | 16,950 (75.4) | 25,085 (111.6) | 34,625 (154.0) | 45,425 (202.0) | 72,680 (323.3) |
| ASTM F1554 | steel strength(for a single anchor) | Vsa | lbf (kN) | 3,485 (15.5) | 6,385 (28.4) | 10,170 (45.2) | 15,050 (67.0) | 20,775 (92.4) | 27,255 (121.2) | 43,610 (194.0) |
| Grade 55 | Reduction factor for seismic shear | €V,seis | - | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| | Strength reduction factor for tension ² | φ | - | | | | 0.75 | | | |
| | Strength reduction factor for shear ² | φ | - Ibf | - 0.65 of 9,685 17,735 28,250 41,810 57,710 75,710 1 | | | | | 101 105 | |
| ASTM A193 | Nominal strength as governed by | N _{sa} | lbf (kN) | (43.1) | (78.9) | (125.7) | (186.0) | (256.7) | (336.8) | 121,135 (538.8) |
| Grade B7 and | steel strength (for a single anchor) | V _{sa} | lbf (kN) | 5,815 (25.9) | 10,640 (7.3) | 16,950 (75.4) | 25,085 (111.6) | 34,625 (154.0) | 45,425 (202.1) | 72,680 (323.3) |
| ASTM F1554 Grade 105 | Reduction factor for seismic shear Strength reduction factor for tension ² | CCV,seis ϕ | - | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| | Strength reduction factor for shear ² | ϕ | | | | | 0.75 | | | |
| | Nominal strength as | Nsa | lbf (kN) | 9,300 (41.4) | 17,025 (75.7) | 27,120 (120.6) | 40,140 (178.5) | 55,905 (248.7) | 72,685 (323.3) | 101,755 (452.6) |
| ASTM A449 | governed by steel strength (for a single anchor) | Vsa | lbf (kN) | 5,580 (24.8) | 10,215 (45.4) | 16,270 (72.4) | 24,085 (107.1) | 33,540 (149.2) | 43,610 (194.0) | 61,050 (271.6) |
| AUTIVIATTO | Reduction factor for seismic shear | ∠V,seis | - | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| | Strength reduction factor for tension ² | φ | - | | | | 0.75 | | | |
| | Strength reduction factor for shear ² | φ | - | | | 1 | 0.65 | 1 | | |
| AOTA EEOO | Nominal strength as governed by | N _{sa} | lbf (kN) | 7,750 (34.5) | 14,190 (63.1) | 22,600 (100.5) | 28,430 (126.5) | 39,245 (174.6) | 51,485 (229.0) | 82,370 (366.4) |
| ASTM F593 CW Stainless (Types 304 | steel strength (for a single anchor) | V _{sa} | lbf (kN) | 4,650 (20.7) | 8,515 (37.9) | 13,560 (60.3) | 17,060 (75.9) | 23,545 (104.7) | 30,890 (137.4) | 49,425 (219.8) |
| and 316) | Reduction factor for seismic shear Strength reduction factor for tension ³ | C(V,seis | - | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.80 0.65 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| | Strength reduction factor for shear ³ | ϕ ϕ | - | | | | 0.60 | | | |
| ASTM A193 | J. Company | N _{sa} | lbf (kN) | 4,420 (19.7) | 8,090 (36.0) | 12,880 (57.3) | 19,065 (84.8) | 26,315 (117.1) | 34,525 (153.6) | 55,240 (245.7) |
| Grade B8/B8M, Class 1 | Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (for a single anchor) ⁴ | Vsa | lbf (kN) | 2,650 (11.8) | 4,855 (21.6) | 7,730 (34.4) | 11,440 (50.9) | 15,790 (70.2) | 20,715 (92.1) | 33,145 (147.4) |
| Stainless (Types 304 | Reduction factor for seismic shear | €V,seis | - (144) | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| and 316) | Strength reduction factor for tension ² | φ | - | | | | 0.75 | | | |
| | Strength reduction factor for shear ² | φ | - lbf | 7,365 | 13,480 | 21,470 | 0.65 31,775 | 43,860 | 57,545 | 92,065 |
| ASTM A193 Grade B8/ | Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (for a single anchor) | Nsa | (kN) | (32.8) | (60.0) | (95.5) | (141.3) | (195.1) | (256.0) | (409.5) |
| B8M2, Class 2B | | Vsa | lbf (kN) | 4,420 (19.7) | 8,085 (36.0) | 12,880 (57.3) | 19,065 (84.8) | 26,315 (117.1) | 34,525 (153.6) | 55,240 (245.7) |
| Stainless (Types 304 | Reduction factor for seismic shear Strength reduction factor for tension ² | C/CV,seis | - | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| and 316) | Strength reduction factor for shear ² | φ φ | - | - 0.75 | | | | | | |
| F 01 1 11 0F | Strength reduction factor for shear | φ | | | | | 0.65 | | | |

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf.

-REV.I

Values provided for steel element material types are based on minimum specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2 and Eq. 17.7.1.2(b), ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29), as applicable, except where noted. Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal to or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specified threaded rod.

^{2.} The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to ductile steel elements.

^{3.} The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to brittle steel elements

^{4.} In accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2 and Eq. 17.7.1.2(b), ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2 and 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1.2 and D.6.1.2, as applicable, the calculated values for nominal tension and shear strength for ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M Class 1 stainless steel threaded rods are based on limiting the specified tensile strength of the anchor steel to 1.9f_y or 57,000 psi (393 MPa).



Steel Tension and Shear Design for Reinforcing Bars in Normal Weight Concrete





| | Barden Information | 0 | | | | Nomina | l Reinforcin | g Bar Size | (Rebar)¹ | | |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| | Design Information | Symbol | Units | No. 3 | No. 4 | No. 5 | No. 6 | No. 7 | No. 8 | No. 9 | No. 10 |
| Rebar nomir | nal outside diameter | da | inch (mm) | 0.375 (9.5) | 0.500 (12.7) | 0.625 (15.9) | 0.750 (19.1) | 0.875 (22.2) | 1.000 (25.4) | 1.125 (28.7) | 1.250 (32.3) |
| Rebar effect | ive cross-sectional area | Ase | inch² (mm²) | 0.110 (71.0) | 0.200 (129.0) | 0.310 (200.0) | 0.440 (283.9) | 0.600 (387.1) | 0.790 (509.7) | 1.000 (645.2) | 1.270 (819.4) |
| | Nominal strength as governed by | Nsa | lbf (kN) | 11,000 (48.9) | 20,000 (89.0) | 31,000 (137.9) | 44,000 (195.7) | 60,000 (266.9) | 79,000 (351.4) | 100,000 (444.8) | 127,000 (564.9) |
| ASTM A615 | steel strength (for a single anchor) | Vsa | lbf (kN) | 6,600 (29.4) | 12,000 (53.4) | 18,600 (82.7) | 26,400 (117.4) | 36,000 (160.1) | 47,400 (210.8) | 60,000 (266.9) | 76,200 (338.9) |
| Grade 75 | Reduction factor for seismic shear | lphaV,seis | - | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| | Strength reduction factor for tension ³ | ϕ | - | | | | 0. | 65 | | | |
| | Strength reduction factor for shear ³ | ϕ | - | | | 0.60 | | | | | |
| | Nominal strength as governed by | Nsa | lbf (kN) | 9,900 (44.0) | 18,000 (80.1) | 27,900 (124.1) | 39,600 (176.1) | 54,000 (240.2) | 71,100 (316.3) | 90,000 (400.3) | 114,300 (508.4) |
| ASTM A615 Grade 60 | steel strength (for a single anchor) | V_{sa} | lbf (kN) | 5,940 (26.4) | 10,800 (48.0) | 16,740 (74.5) | 23,760 (105.7) | 32,400 (144.1) | 42,660 (189.8) | 54,000 (240.2) | 68,580 (305.0) |
| Grade 60 | Reduction factor for seismic shear | C V,seis | - | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| | Strength reduction factor for tension ³ | φ | - | | | | 0. | 65 | | | |
| | Strength reduction factor for shear ³ | ϕ | - | | | | 0. | 60 | | | |
| | Nominal strength as governed by | Nsa | lbf (kN) | 8,800 (39.1) | 16,000 (71.2) | 24,800 (110.3) | 35,200 (156.6) | 48,000 (213.5) | 63,200 (281.1) | 80,000 (355.9) | 101,600 (452.0) |
| ASTM A706 | steel strength (for a single anchor) | Vsa | lbf (kN) | 5,280 (23.5) | 9,600 (42.7) | 14,880 (66.2) | 21,120 (94.0) | 28,800 (128.1) | 37,920 (168.7) | 48,000 (213.5) | 60,960 (271.2) |
| Grade 60 | Reduction factor for seismic shear | lphaV,seis | - | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| | Strength reduction factor for tension ² | ϕ | - | | | | 0. | 75 | | | |
| | Strength reduction factor for shear ² | ϕ | - | | | | 0. | 65 | | | |
| | Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (for a single anchor) | N _{sa} | lbf (kN) | 6,600 (29.4) | 12,000 (53.4) | 18,600 (82.7) | 26,400 (117.4) | In accord | ance with A | STM A 615, | Grade 40 |
| ASTM A615 | | V _{sa} | lbf (kN) | 3,960 (17.6) | 7,200 (32.0) | 11,160 (49.6) | 15,840 (70.5) | | s are furnish | ned only in s ough No. 6 | |
| Grade 40 | Reduction factor for seismic shear | lphaV,seis | - | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.80 | | | | |
| | Strength reduction factor for tension ³ | φ | - | - 0.65 | | | | | | | |
| | Strength reduction factor for shear ϕ - 0.60 | | | | | | | | | | |

- 1. Values provided for reinforcing bar material types based on minimum specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2 and Eq. 17.6.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29), as applicable.
- 2. The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to ductile steel elements. In accordance with ACI 318-19 17.10.5.3(a)(vi), ACI 318-14 17.2.3.4.3(a)(vi) or ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(a)6, as applicable, deformed reinforcing bars meeting this specification used as ductile steel elements to resist earthquake effects shall be limited to reinforcing bars satisfying the requirements of ACI 318-19 20.2.2, ACI 318-14 20.2.2.4 and 20.2.2.5 or ACI 318-11 21.1.5.2 (a) and (b), as applicable.
- 3. The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to brittle steel elements.



Concrete Breakout Design Information for Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bars



| | Symbol | Symbol | Symbol | | | | Nominal Roo | l Diameter (in | ch) / Reinford | ing Bar Size | | |
|---|----------------------|--------------|---|----------------|------------------------------|---|--|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Design Information | Symbol | Units | 3/8 or #3 | 1/2 or #4 | 5/8 or #5 | 3/4 or #6 | 7/8 or #7 | 1 or #8 | #9 | 1-1/4 or #10 | | |
| Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete | K _{c,cr} | - (SI) | Not Applicable | | | | 17 (7.1) | | | | | |
| Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete | K _{c,uncr} | - (SI) | | | | | 4).0) | | | | | |
| Minimum embedment | h _{ef,min} | inch (mm) | 2-3/8 (60) | 2-3/4 (70) | 3-1/8 (79) | 3-1/2 (89) | 3-1/2 (89) | 4 (102) | 4-1/2 (114) | 5 (127) | | |
| Maximum embedment | h _{ef,max} | inch (mm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum anchor spacing | Smin | inch (mm) | 1-7/8 2-1/2 3-1/8 3-3/4 4-3/8 5 5-5/8 6-1/4 (48) (64) (79) (95) (111) (127) (143) (159) | | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum edge distance ² | Cmin | inch (mm) | | | 5 <i>d</i> where <i>d</i> is | s nominal outs | side diameter | of the anchor | | | | |
| Minimum edge distance, reduced ² (45% T _{max}) | C _{min,red} | inch (mm) | 1-3/4 (45) | 1-3/4 (45) | 1-3/4 (45) | 1-3/4 (45) | 1-3/4 (45) | 1-3/4 (45) | 2-3/4 (70) | 2-3/4 (70) | | |
| Minimum member thickness | h _{min} | inch (mm) | | 1-1/4 + 30) | | h _{ef} - | + 2d₀ where d | o is hole diam | eter; | | | |
| Critical edge distance—splitting | | inch | | | Cac | $= h_{ef} \cdot (\frac{\tau_{uncr}}{1160})$ | ^{0.4} · [3.1-0.7 | n lef | | | | |
| (for uncracked concrete only) ³ | Cac | (mm) | m) $c_{ac} = h_{ef} \cdot (\frac{\tau_{uncr}}{8})^{0.4} \cdot [3.1 - 0.7 \frac{h}{h_{ef}}]$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B ⁴ | φ | - | 0.65 | | | | | | | | | |
| Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B ⁴ | φ | - | 0.70 | | | | | | | | | |

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf.

- 1. Additional setting information is described in the installation instructions.
- 2. For installation between the minimum edge distance, c_{min}, <u>and the reduced minimum edge distance</u>, c_{min,red}, the maximum torque applied must be reduced (multiplied) by a factor of 0.45.
- 3. τ_{kuncr} need not be taken as greater than: $\tau_{\text{kuncr}} = \frac{\text{kuncr} \cdot \sqrt{h_{\text{ef}} \cdot f^{\dagger} c}}{\pi \cdot d}$ and $\frac{h}{h_{\text{ef}}}$ need not be taken as larger than 2.4.
- 4. Condition A requires supplemental reinforcement, while Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided or where pryout governs, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. The tabulated value of ϕ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACl 318 D.4.4.



Bond Strength Design Information for Threaded Rods



| Docina Info | ······································ | Cumhal | Units | | Nomir | nal Rod Diam | eter (Inch) / F | Reinforcing Ba | ar Size | |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|---|
| Design Info | ormation | Symbol | Units | 3/8 | 1/2 | 5/8 | 3/4 | 7/8 | 1 | 1-1/4 |
| Minimum er | nbedment | h _{ef,min} | inch (mm) | 2-3/8 (60) | 2-3/4 (70) | 3-1/8 (79) | 3-1/2 (89) | 3-1/2 (89) | 4 (102) | 5 (127) |
| Maximum er | mbedment | h _{ef,max} | inch (mm) | 4-1/2 (114) | 6 (152) | 7-1/2 (191) | 9 (229) | 10-1/2 (267) | 12 (305) | 15 (381) |
| Temperature Range A 122°F (50°C) | Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete ^{4,7} | $	au_{k,cr}$ | psi (N/mm²) | Not Applicable | 498 (3.4) | 519 (3.6) | 519 (3.6) | 519 (3.6) | 519 (3.6) | 525 (3.6) |
| Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature; 176°F (80°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature ^{3,4} | Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete ^{4,8} | $	au_{	ext{k,uncr}}$ | psi (N/mm²) | 823 (5.7) | 823 (5.7) | 823 (5.7) | 823 (5.7) | 823 (5.7) | water-fi | 588 (4.1) licable in lled hole |
| Temperature Range B 162°F (72°C) | Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete ^{4,7} | T k,cr | psi (N/mm²) | Not Applicable | 245 (1.7) | 255 (1.8) | 255 (1.8) | 255 (1.8) | installation 255 (1.8) | 255 (1.8) |
| Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature; 248°F (120°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature ^{3,4} | Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete ^{4,8} | $	au_{	ext{k,uncr}}$ | psi (N/mm²) | 405 (2.8) | 405 (2.8) | 405 (2.8) | 405 (2.8) | water-fi | 366 (2.5) licable in lled hole n condition | Not Applicable |
| | Dry concrete | Anchor Category | - | | | | 1 | | | |
| | , | $\phi_{\scriptscriptstyle 	ext{d}}$ | - | | | | 0.65 | | | |
| Permissible installation | Water-saturated concrete | Anchor Category | - | | | | 2 | | | |
| conditions ⁶ | Concrete | $\phi_{\scriptscriptstyle{WS}}$ | - | | | | 0.55 | | | |
| | Water-filled hole (flooded) | Anchor Category | - | | | | 3 | | | |
| | | $oldsymbol{\phi}_{wf}$ | - | | | | 0.45 | | | |
| | | $oldsymbol{\mathcal{K}}_{Wf}$ | | | 0. | 78 | | 0.70 | 0.69 | 0.67 |
| Reduction factor fo | r seismic tension | lphaN,seis | - | | | | 0.95 | | | |

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 psi = 0.006894 MPa. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

- 1. Bond strength values correspond to a normal-weight concrete compressive strength f'c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f'c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi (17.2 MPa and 55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f'c / 2,500)²¹³ [For SI: (f'c / 17.2)²¹³].
- 2. The modification factor for bond strength of adhesive anchors in lightweight concrete shall be taken as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 where applicable.
- 3. Long-term and short-term temperatures meet the requirements of Section 8.5 of ACI 355.4 and Table 9.1, Temperature Category A.
- 4. Short-term base material service temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term base material service temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.
- 5. Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads. Characteristic bond strengths are also applicable to short-term loading. For load combinations consisting of short-term loads only such as wind and seismic, bond strengths may be increased by 43 percent for Temperature Range A and 122 percent for Temperature Range B.
- 6. Permissible installation conditions include dry concrete, water-saturated concrete and water-filled holes. Water-filled holes include applications in dry or water-saturated concrete where the drilled holes contain standing water at the time of anchor installation
- 7. For structures assigned to Seismic Design Categories C, D, E or F, the tabulated bond strength values for cracked concrete must be adjusted by an additional reduction factor, Ch.seis, as given in this table.
- 8. Bond strength values for uncracked concrete are applicable for structures assigned to Seismic Design Categories A and B only.



Bond Strength Design Information for Reinforcing Bar



| Design Info | remotion | Symbol | Units | | N | lominal Rod | Diameter (In | ch) / Reinfo | rcing Bar Siz | :e | |
|--|---|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Design into | ormauon | Syllibol | Units | #3 | #4 | #5 | #6 | #7 | #8 | #9 | #10 |
| Minimum en | nbedment | h _{ef,min} | inch (mm) | 2-3/8 (60) | 2-3/4 (70) | 3-1/8 (79) | 3-1/2 (89) | 3-1/2 (89) | 4 (102) | 4-1/2 (114) | 5 (127) |
| Maximum er | mbedment | h _{ef,max} | inch (mm) | 4-1/2 (114) | 6 (152) | 7-1/2 (191) | 9 (229) | 10-1/2 (267) | 12 (305) | 13-1/2 (343) | 15 (381) |
| Temperature Range A 122°F (50°C) Maximum Long-Term | ong-Term cracked concrete ^{4,7} | | psi (N/mm²) | Not Applicable | 331 (2.3) | 345 (2.4) | 345 (2.4) | 345 (2.4) | 345 (2.4) | 349 (2.4) | 349 (2.4) |
| Service Temperature; 176°F (80°C) | Characteristic bond strength in | σ. | psi | 823 | 823 | 823 | 823 | 823 | 743 (5.1) | 655 (4.5) | 588 (4.1) |
| Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature ^{3,4} | uncracked concrete ^{4,8} | auk,uncr | (N/mm²) | (5.7) | (5.7) | (5.7) | (5.7) | (5.7) | | able in water allation cond | |
| Temperature Range B 162°F (72°C) Maximum Long-Term | Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete ^{4,7} | $	au_{k,cr}$ | psi (N/mm²) | Not Applicable | 163 (1.1) | 170 (1.2) | 170 (1.2) | 170 (1.2) | 170 (1.2) | 170 (1.2) | 170 (1.2) |
| Service Temperature; 248°F (120°C) | Characteristic bond strength in | τ. | psi | 405 | 405 | 405 | 405 | 405 (2.8) | 366 (2.5) | 329 (2.3) | Not |
| Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature ^{3,4} | uncracked concrete ^{4,8} | $	au_{	ext{k,uncr}}$ | (N/mm²) | (2.8) | (2.8) | (2.8) | (2.8) | | able in water allation cond | | Applicable |
| | Dry concrete | Anchor Category | - | | | | | 1 | | | |
| | - | $oldsymbol{\phi}_{	extsf{d}}$ | - | | | | 0. | 65 | | | |
| Permissible installation | Water-saturated | Anchor Category | - | | | | : | 2 | | | |
| conditions ⁶ | concrete | $\phi_{\scriptscriptstyle{WS}}$ | - | | | | 0. | 55 | | | |
| | Water-filled hole | Anchor Category | - | | | | ; | 3 | | | |
| | (flooded) | $\phi_{\scriptscriptstyle{Wf}}$ | - | | | | 0. | 45 | | | |
| | | Kwf | | | 0. | 78 | | 0.70 | 0.69 | 0.68 | 0.67 |
| Reduction factor for | Reduction factor for seismic tension | | | | | | 1 | .0 | | | |

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 psi = 0.006894 MPa. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

- 1. Bond strength values correspond to a normal-weight concrete compressive strength f'c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f'c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi (17.2 MPa and 55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f'c / 2,500)^{0.13} [For SI: (f'c / 17.2)^{0.13}].
- 2. The modification factor for bond strength of adhesive anchors in lightweight concrete shall be taken as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 where applicable.
- 3. Long-term and short-term temperatures meet the requirements of Section 8.5 of ACI 355.4 and Table 9.1, Temperature Category A.
- 4. Short-term base material service temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term base material service temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.
- 5. Characteristic bond strengths are also applicable to short-term loading. For load combinations consisting of short-term loads only such as wind and seismic, bond strengths may be increased by 43 percent for Temperature Range A and 122 percent for Temperature Range B.
- 6. Permissible installation conditions include dry concrete, water-saturated concrete and water-filled holes. Water-filled holes include applications in dry or water-saturated concrete where the drilled holes contain standing water at the time of anchor installation.
- 7. For structures assigned to Seismic Design Categories C, D, E or F, the tabulated bond strength values for cracked concrete must be adjusted by an additional reduction factor, CO. Seismic Design Categories C, D, E or F, the tabulated bond strength values for cracked concrete must be adjusted by an additional reduction factor, CO. Seismic Design Categories C, D, E or F, the tabulated bond strength values for cracked concrete must be adjusted by an additional reduction factor, CO. Seismic Design Categories C, D, E or F, the tabulated bond strength values for cracked concrete must be adjusted by an additional reduction factor, CO. Seismic Design Categories C, D, E or F, the tabulated bond strength values for cracked concrete must be adjusted by an additional reduction factor.
- 8. Bond strength values for uncracked concrete are applicable for structures assigned to Seismic Design Categories A and B only.



DESIGN STRENGTH TABLES (SD)

Tension and Shear Design Strength for Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar Installed in Uncracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength)

Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition

122°F (50°C) Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature:

176°F (80°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11}

| | | | | | Minim | um Concrete C | ompressive St | rength | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Nominal | Embed. | f'c = 2, | 500 (psi) | f'c = 3,0 | 000 (psi) | f'c = 4,0 | 000 (psi) | f'c = 6,0 | 000 (psi) | f'c = 8,0 | 000 (psi) |
| Rod/Rebar Size (in. or #) | Depth hef (in.) | ΦN⇔ or ΦN₃ Tension (lbs.) | ψV₀ or ψVℴ Shear (lbs.) | ΦN⇔ or ΦNa Tension (lbs.) | ψV₀ or ψVℴ Shear (lbs.) | ΦN⇔ or ΦN₃ Tension (lbs.) | φV⇔ or φV⇔ Shear (lbs.) | ψNcb or ψNa Tension (lbs.) | φV⇔ or φV⇔ Shear (lbs.) | ψNcb or ψNa Tension (lbs.) | φ V _{cb} or φ V _{cp} Shear (lbs.) |
| | 2-3/8 | 1,495 | 1,610 | 1,535 | 1,650 | 1,590 | 1,715 | 1,675 | 1,805 | 1,740 | 1,875 |
| 3/8 or #3 | 3 | 1,890 | 2,955 | 1,935 | 3,270 | 2,010 | 3,830 | 2,120 | 4,565 | 2,200 | 4,735 |
| | 4-1/2 | 2,835 | 5,395 | 2,905 | 5,965 | 3,015 | 6,495 | 3,180 | 6,845 | 3,300 | 7,105 |
| | 2-3/4 | 2,310 | 2,780 | 2,365 | 3,075 | 2,455 | 3,605 | 2,590 | 4,505 | 2,690 | 5,280 |
| 1/2 or #4 | 4 | 3,360 | 5,230 | 3,440 | 5,785 | 3,575 | 6,780 | 3,765 | 8,110 | 3,910 | 8,420 |
| | 6 | 5,040 | 9,530 | 5,165 | 10,540 | 5,360 | 11,545 | 5,650 | 12,170 | 5,865 | 12,630 |
| | 3-1/8 | 3,280 | 3,695 | 3,360 | 4,085 | 3,490 | 4,785 | 3,680 | 5,990 | 3,820 | 7,020 |
| 5/8 or #5 | 5 | 5,250 | 8,155 | 5,380 | 9,015 | 5,585 | 10,565 | 5,885 | 12,675 | 6,110 | 13,160 |
| | 7-1/2 | 7,880 | 14,850 | 8,065 | 16,420 | 8,375 | 18,035 | 8,825 | 19,015 | 9,165 | 19,735 |
| | 3-1/2 | 4,285 | 4,730 | 4,380 | 5,230 | 4,535 | 6,130 | 4,760 | 7,670 | 4,925 | 8,990 |
| 3/4 or #6 | 6 | 7,565 | 11,515 | 7,745 | 12,730 | 8,040 | 14,925 | 8,475 | 18,250 | 8,795 | 18,950 |
| | 9 | 11,345 | 20,970 | 11,615 | 23,190 | 12,060 | 25,975 | 12,710 | 27,380 | 13,195 | 28,420 |
| | 3-1/2 | 4,370 | 4,930 | 4,475 | 5,470 | 4,635 | 6,410 | 4,865 | 8,020 | 5,040 | 9,400 |
| 7/8 or #7 | 7 | 10,295 | 14,500 | 10,540 | 16,035 | 10,940 | 18,795 | 11,535 | 23,510 | 11,975 | 25,790 |
| | 10-1/2 | 15,440 | 26,410 | 15,810 | 29,210 | 16,415 | 34,235 | 17,300 | 37,265 | 17,960 | 38,685 |
| | 4 | 5,210 | 6,045 | 5,325 | 6,685 | 5,515 | 7,835 | 5,795 | 9,800 | 6,000 | 11,490 |
| 1 or #8 | 8 | 12,140 | 17,000 | 12,430 | 18,800 | 12,905 | 22,040 | 13,600 | 27,565 | 14,120 | 30,410 |
| | 12 | 18,205 | 30,965 | 18,645 | 34,245 | 19,355 | 40,140 | 20,400 | 43,940 | 21,180 | 45,615 |
| | 5 | 5,795 | 6,845 | 5,925 | 7,570 | 6,135 | 8,875 | 6,445 | 11,100 | 6,670 | 13,010 |
| #9 | 10 | 13,545 | 19,320 | 13,865 | 21,365 | 14,395 | 25,045 | 15,175 | 31,325 | 15,755 | 33,930 |
| | 15 | 20,315 | 35,195 | 20,800 | 38,920 | 21,595 | 45,620 | 22,760 | 49,025 | 23,630 | 50,895 |
| | 5 | 6,575 | 7,695 | 6,720 | 8,510 | 6,955 | 9,975 | 7,305 | 12,480 | 7,565 | 14,625 |
| 1-1/4 | 10 | 15,010 | 21,630 | 15,370 | 23,920 | 15,955 | 28,035 | 16,820 | 35,065 | 17,460 | 37,605 |
| | 15 | 22,515 | 39,390 | 23,055 | 43,560 | 23,930 | 51,060 | 25,225 | 54,335 | 26,190 | 56,405 |
| | 5 | 6,490 | 7,685 | 6,635 | 8,495 | 6,870 | 9,960 | 7,215 | 12,455 | 7,470 | 14,600 |
| #10 | 10 | 15,010 | 21,665 | 15,370 | 23,960 | 15,955 | 28,085 | 16,820 | 35,130 | 17,460 | 37,605 |
| j | 15 | 22,515 | 39,465 | 23,055 | 43,640 | 23,930 | 51,155 | 25,225 | 54,335 | 26,190 | 56,405 |

- - Concrete Breakout Strength - Bond Strength/Pryout Strength
- 1. Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in uncracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness, ha = hmin, and with the following conditions:
 - c_{a1} is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance, c_{ac}
 - ca2 is greater than or equal to 1.5 times ca1.
- 2. Calculations were performed according to ACI 318 (-19 or -14), Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength/ pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls.
- 3. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for concrete breakout strength are based onACl 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.
- 4. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and qualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in ESB-2582
- 5. Tabular values are permitted for static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables. Periodic special inspection must be performed where required by code, see ESR-2582 for applicable information.
- 6. For anchors subjected to tension resulting from sustained loading a supplemental check must be performed according to ACI 318 -19 17.5.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1.2.
- 7. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 or -14), Ch.17.
- 8. Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14), Ch.17, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14), Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-2582.
- 9. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling.
- 10. The tabulated design strengths may be converted to allowable stress design values. Divide by conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling load combination.
- 11. For other installation conditions such as water-saturated concrete or water-filled hole applications, see the associated strength reduction factors (φ) for bond strength in the determination of controlling design strength values, as applicable.



Tension and Shear Design Strength for Threaded Rod Installed in Cracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength) Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition 122°F (50°C) Maximum Long-Term ServiceTemperature;



176°F (80°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12}

| | | | | | Minim | um Concrete C | Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Nominal | Embed. | f'c = 2,5 | 500 (psi) | f'c = 3, | 000 (psi) | f'c = 4,0 | 000 (psi) | f'c = 6,0 | 000 (psi) | f'c = 8,0 | 000 (psi) | | | | | | | | |
| Rod/Rebar Size (in.) | Depth hef (in.) | ψN₅ or ψN₂ Tension (lbs.) | φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.) | ΦN₀ or ΦN₃ Tension (lbs.) | φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.) | ØN∞ or ØNa Tension (lbs.) | φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.) | ψN₅ or ψN₃ Tension (lbs.) | φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.) | ψN₅ or ψN₃ Tension (lbs.) | ψV⇔ or ψV⇔ Shear (lbs.) | | | | | | | | |
| | 2-3/4 | 1,400 | 1,985 | 1,430 | 2,195 | 1,485 | 2,575 | 1,565 | 3,220 | 1,625 | 3,505 | | | | | | | | |
| 1/2 | 4 | 2,035 | 3,735 | 2,085 | 4,130 | 2,160 | 4,655 | 2,280 | 4,910 | 2,365 | 5,095 | | | | | | | | |
| | 6 | 3,050 | 6,570 | 3,125 | 6,730 | 3,245 | 6,985 | 3,420 | 7,365 | 3,550 | 7,645 | | | | | | | | |
| | 3-1/8 | 2,070 | 2,640 | 2,120 | 2,915 | 2,200 | 3,420 | 2,320 | 4,275 | 2,410 | 5,015 | | | | | | | | |
| 5/8 | 5 | 3,310 | 5,825 | 3,390 | 6,440 | 3,520 | 7,550 | 3,710 | 7,995 | 3,855 | 8,300 | | | | | | | | |
| | 7-1/2 | 4,970 | 10,605 | 5,085 | 10,955 | 5,280 | 11,375 | 5,565 | 11,990 | 5,780 | 12,445 | | | | | | | | |
| | 3-1/2 | 2,705 | 3,380 | 2,760 | 3,735 | 2,860 | 4,380 | 3,000 | 5,480 | 3,105 | 6,420 | | | | | | | | |
| 3/4 | 6 | 4,770 | 8,225 | 4,885 | 9,095 | 5,070 | 10,660 | 5,345 | 11,510 | 5,550 | 11,950 | | | | | | | | |
| | 9 | 7,155 | 14,980 | 7,325 | 15,780 | 7,605 | 16,380 | 8,015 | 17,265 | 8,320 | 17,925 | | | | | | | | |
| | 3-1/2 | 2,755 | 3,525 | 2,820 | 3,910 | 2,920 | 4,580 | 3,070 | 5,730 | 3,180 | 6,715 | | | | | | | | |
| 7/8 | 7 | 6,490 | 10,360 | 6,645 | 11,455 | 6,900 | 13,425 | 7,275 | 15,665 | 7,550 | 16,265 | | | | | | | | |
| | 10-1/2 | 9,735 | 18,865 | 9,970 | 20,865 | 10,350 | 22,295 | 10,910 | 23,500 | 11,325 | 24,395 | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 3,640 | 4,320 | 3,720 | 4,775 | 3,855 | 5,595 | 4,045 | 7,000 | 4,190 | 8,205 | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 8 | 8,480 | 12,145 | 8,680 | 13,430 | 9,015 | 15,740 | 9,500 | 19,690 | 9,865 | 21,240 | | | | | | | | |
| | 12 | 12,720 | 22,120 | 13,025 | 24,460 | 13,520 | 28,670 | 14,250 | 30,695 | 14,795 | 31,865 | | | | | | | | |
| | 5 | 5,870 | 5,495 | 6,000 | 6,080 | 6,210 | 7,125 | 6,525 | 8,915 | 6,755 | 10,445 | | | | | | | | |
| 1-1/4 | 10 | 13,400 | 15,450 | 13,720 | 17,085 | 14,245 | 20,025 | 15,015 | 25,050 | 15,590 | 29,360 | | | | | | | | |
| | 15 | 20,100 | 28,135 | 20,585 | 31,115 | 21,370 | 36,470 | 22,525 | 45,620 | 23,385 | 50,365 | | | | | | | | |

- - Concrete Breakout Strength - Bond Strength/Pryout Strength
- 1. Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in cracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness,
 - $h_a = h_{min}$, and with the following conditions:
 - Ca1 is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance, Cac
 - Ca2 is greater than or equal to 1.5 times Ca1.
- 2. Calculations were performed according to ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength] pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls.
- 3. Strength reduction factors (\$\displays \text{(}\displays \text{)} for concrete breakout strength are based on ACl 318 (-19 or -14) Section 5.3 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.
- 4. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and qualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in ESR-2582.
- 5. Tabular values are permitted for static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables. Periodic special inspection must be performed where required by code, see ESR-2582 for applicable information.
- 6. For anchors subjected to tension resulting from sustained loading a supplemental check must be performed according to ACI 318 -19 17.5.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1.2.
- 7. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17.
- 8. Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-2582.
- 9. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of
- 10. The tabulated design strengths may be converted to allowable stress design values. Divide by conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling
- 11. For seismic design in accordance with ACI 318, the tabulated tension design strengths in cracked concrete for concrete breakout and bond strength must be multiplied by a factor of 0.75. In the determination of the tension design strength values in cracked concrete, the bond strength requires an additional reduction factor applied for seismic tension (QN,see), where seismic design
- 12. For other installation conditions such as water-saturated concrete or water-filled hole applications, see the associated strength reduction factors (ϕ) for bond strength in the determination of controlling design strength values, as applicable.



Tension and Shear Design Strength for Reinforcing Bar Installed in Cracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength) Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition



122°F (50°C) Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature;

176°F (80°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12}

| | | Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Nominal | Embed. | f'c = 2,5 | 500 (psi) | f'c = 3,0 | 000 (psi) | f'c = 4,0 | 000 (psi) | f'c = 6,000 (psi) | | f'c = 8,000 (psi) | | | | |
| Rod/Rebar Size (#) | Depth hef (in.) | ψN₅b or ψNa Tension (lbs.) | φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.) | ΦN⇔ or ΦNa Tension (lbs.) | ψV₀ or ψVℴ Shear (lbs.) | ΦN⇔ or ΦN₃ Tension (lbs.) | φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.) | ψN₀ or ψN₂ Tension (lbs.) | φV⇔ or φV⇔ Shear (lbs.) | ψN₅ or ψN₂ Tension (lbs.) | φV∞ or φV∞ Shear (lbs.) | | | |
| | 2-3/4 | 930 | 1,985 | 950 | 2,050 | 990 | 2,130 | 1,040 | 2,245 | 1,080 | 2,330 | | | |
| #4 | 4 | 1,350 | 2,910 | 1,385 | 2,980 | 1,435 | 3,095 | 1,515 | 3,265 | 1,575 | 3,385 | | | |
| | 6 | 2,030 | 4,365 | 2,075 | 4,470 | 2,155 | 4,645 | 2,270 | 4,895 | 2,360 | 5,080 | | | |
| | 3-1/8 | 1,375 | 2,640 | 1,410 | 2,915 | 1,465 | 3,150 | 1,540 | 3,320 | 1,600 | 3,445 | | | |
| #5 | 5 | 2,200 | 4,740 | 2,255 | 4,855 | 2,340 | 5,040 | 2,465 | 5,315 | 2,560 | 5,515 | | | |
| | 7-1/2 | 3,300 | 7,115 | 3,380 | 7,285 | 3,510 | 7,560 | 3,700 | 7,970 | 3,840 | 8,275 | | | |
| | 3-1/2 | 1,795 | 3,380 | 1,835 | 3,735 | 1,900 | 4,095 | 1,995 | 4,300 | 2,065 | 4,450 | | | |
| #6 | 6 | 3,170 | 6,830 | 3,245 | 6,990 | 3,370 | 7,260 | 3,550 | 7,650 | 3,690 | 7,945 | | | |
| | 9 | 4,755 | 10,240 | 4,870 | 10,490 | 5,055 | 10,890 | 5,330 | 11,475 | 5,530 | 11,915 | | | |
| | 3-1/2 | 1,830 | 3,525 | 1,875 | 3,910 | 1,945 | 4,185 | 2,040 | 4,395 | 2,110 | 4,550 | | | |
| #7 | 7 | 4,315 | 9,295 | 4,420 | 9,515 | 4,585 | 9,880 | 4,835 | 10,415 | 5,020 | 10,810 | | | |
| | 10-1/2 | 6,475 | 13,940 | 6,630 | 14,275 | 6,880 | 14,820 | 7,255 | 15,620 | 7,530 | 16,215 | | | |
| | 4 | 2,420 | 4,320 | 2,475 | 4,775 | 2,560 | 5,515 | 2,690 | 5,795 | 2,785 | 6,000 | | | |
| #8 | 8 | 5,635 | 12,140 | 5,770 | 12,430 | 5,990 | 12,905 | 6,315 | 13,600 | 6,555 | 14,120 | | | |
| | 12 | 8,455 | 18,210 | 8,655 | 18,645 | 8,985 | 19,355 | 9,475 | 20,405 | 9,835 | 21,180 | | | |
| | 5 | 3,090 | 4,890 | 3,155 | 5,410 | 3,270 | 6,340 | 3,435 | 7,395 | 3,555 | 7,655 | | | |
| #9 | 10 | 7,215 | 13,800 | 7,390 | 15,260 | 7,670 | 16,520 | 8,085 | 17,415 | 8,395 | 18,080 | | | |
| | 15 | 10,825 | 23,315 | 11,085 | 23,870 | 11,505 | 24,780 | 12,130 | 26,125 | 12,590 | 27,120 | | | |
| | 5 | 3,855 | 5,490 | 3,940 | 6,070 | 4,080 | 7,115 | 4,280 | 8,900 | 4,435 | 9,550 | | | |
| #10 | 10 | 8,910 | 15,475 | 9,120 | 17,115 | 9,470 | 20,060 | 9,980 | 21,500 | 10,365 | 22,320 | | | |
| | 15 | 13,365 | 28,190 | 13,685 | 29,470 | 14,205 | 30,595 | 14,975 | 32,250 | 15,545 | 33,480 | | | |

- - Concrete Breakout Strength - Bond Strength/Pryout Strength
- Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in cracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness, ha = hmin, and with the following conditions:
 - Ca1 is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance, Cac
 - Ca2 is greater than or equal to 1.5 times Ca1.
- Calculations were performed according to ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength/pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls.
- 3. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for concrete breakout strength are based on ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Section 5.3 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.
- 4. Strength reduction factors () for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and qualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in ESR-2582
- 5. Tabular values are permitted for static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables. Periodic special inspection must be performed where required by code, see ESR-2582 for applicable information.
- 6. For anchors subjected to tension resulting from sustained loading a supplemental check must be performed according to ACI 318 -19 17.5.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1.2.
- 7. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17.
- 8. Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-2582.
- 9. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling.
- 10. The tabulated design strengths may be converted to allowable stress design values. Divide by conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling load combination.
- 11. For seismic design in accordance with ACI 318, the tabulated tension design strengths in cracked concrete for concrete breakout and bond strength must be multiplied by a factor of 0.75. In the determination of the tension design strength values in cracked concrete, the bond strength requires an additional reduction factor applied for seismic tension (*Couses*), where seismic design is applicable.
- 12. For other installation conditions such as water-saturated concrete or water-filled hole applications, see the associated strength reduction factors (φ) for bond strength in the determination of controlling design strength values, as applicable.



Tension Design of Steel Elements (Steel Strength)^{1,2}



| | Steel Elements - Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|---|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Nominal Rod/Rebar Size (in. or No.) | ASTM A36 and ASTM F1554 Grade 36 | ASTM F1554 Grade 55 | ASTM A193 Grade B7 and ASTM F1554 Grade 105 | ASTM F593 CW Stainless (Types 304 and 316) | ASTM A193 Grade B8/ B8M, Class 1 Stainless (Types 304 and 316) | ASTM A193 Grade B8/ B8M2, Class 2B Stainless (Types 304 and 316) | ASTM A615 Grade 75 Rebar | ASTM A615 Grade 60 Rebar | ASTM A706 Grade 60 Rebar | ASTM A615 Grade 40 Rebar | |
| (in. or No.) | ØNsa Tension (lbs.) | ØNsa Tension (lbs.) | ØN₅a Tension (lbs.) | ØNsa Tension (lbs.) | ØNsa Tension (lbs.) | ØNsa Tension (lbs.) | ØNsa Tension (lbs.) | ØNsa Tension (lbs.) | ØNsa Tension (lbs.) | ØNsa Tension (lbs.) | |
| 3/8 or #3 | 3,370 | 4,360 | 7,265 | 5,040 | 3,315 | 5,525 | 7,150 | 6,435 | 6,600 | 4,290 | |
| 1/2 or #4 | 6,175 | 7,980 | 13,300 | 9,225 | 6,070 | 10,110 | 13,000 | 11,700 | 12,000 | 7,800 | |
| 5/8 or #5 | 9,835 | 12,715 | 21,190 | 14,690 | 9,660 | 16,105 | 20,150 | 18,135 | 18,600 | 12,090 | |
| 3/4 or #6 | 14,550 | 18,815 | 31,360 | 18,480 | 14,300 | 23,830 | 28,600 | 25,740 | 26,400 | 17,160 | |
| 7/8 or #7 | 20,085 | 25,970 | 43,285 | 25,510 | 19,735 | 32,895 | 39,000 | 35,100 | 36,000 | | |
| 1 or #8 | 26,350 | 34,070 | 56,785 | 33,465 | 25,895 | 43,160 | 51,350 | 46,215 | 47,400 | - | |
| #9 | - | - | - | | - | - | 65,000 | 58,500 | 60,000 | - | |
| 1-1/4 or #10 | 42,160 | 54,510 | 90,850 | 53,540 | 41,430 | 69,050 | 82,550 | 74,295 | 76,200 | - | |

- Steel Strength
- 1. Steel tensile design strength according to ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 or ACI 318 Appendix D, $\phi_{Nsa} = \phi \bullet A_{se,N} \bullet f_{uta}$.
- 2. The tabulated steel design strength in tension must be checked against the bond strength/concrete capacity design strength to determine the controlling failure mode, the lowest load level controls.

Shear Design of Steel Elements (Steel Strength)^{1,2,3}

| | Steel Elements - Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Nominal Rod/Rebar Size | ASTM A36 and ASTM F1554 Grade 36 | ASTM F1554 Grade 55 | ASTM A193 Grade B7 and ASTM F1554 Grade 105 | ASTM F593 CW Stainless (Types 304 and 316) | ASTM A193 Grade B8/ B8M, Class 1 Stainless (Types 304 and 316) | ASTM A193 Grade B8/ B8M2, Class 2B Stainless (Types 304 and 316) | ASTM A615 Grade 75 Rebar | ASTM A615 Grade 60 Rebar | ASTM A706 Grade 60 Rebar | ASTM A615 Grade 40 Rebar | |
| (in. or No.) | ØVsa Shear (lbs.) | ØVsa Shear (lbs.) | ØV₅a Shear (lbs.) | ØV₅a Shear (lbs.) | ØVsa Shear (lbs.) | ØVsa Shear (lbs.) | ØV₅a Shear (lbs.) | ØVsa Shear (lbs.) | ØV₅a Shear (lbs.) | ØVsa Shear (lbs.) | |
| 3/8 or #3 | 1,755 | 2,265 | 3,775 | 2,790 | 1,725 | 2,870 | 3,960 | 3,565 | 3,430 | 2,375 | |
| 1/2 or #4 | 3,210 | 4,150 | 6,915 | 5,110 | 3,155 | 5,255 | 7,200 | 6,480 | 6,240 | 4,320 | |
| 5/8 or #5 | 5,115 | 6,610 | 11,020 | 8,135 | 5,025 | 8,375 | 11,160 | 10,045 | 9,670 | 6,695 | |
| 3/4 or #6 | 7,565 | 9,785 | 16,305 | 10,235 | 7,435 | 12,390 | 15,840 | 14,255 | 13,730 | 9,505 | |
| 7/8 or #7 | 10,445 | 13,505 | 22,505 | 14,130 | 10,265 | 17,105 | 21,600 | 19,440 | 18,720 | - | |
| 1 or #8 | 13,700 | 17,715 | 29,525 | 18,535 | 13,465 | 22,445 | 28,440 | 25,595 | 24,650 | - | |
| #9 | - | - | - | | - | - | 36,000 | 32,400 | 31,200 | - | |
| 1-1/4 or #10 | 21,920 | 28,345 | 47,240 | 29,655 | 21,545 | 35,905 | 45,720 | 41,150 | 39,625 | - | |

- Steel Strength
- 1. Steel shear design strength according to ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 or ACI 318 Appendix D, $\phi V_{\text{SB}} = \phi \bullet 0.60 \bullet A_{\text{SB,V}} \bullet f_{\text{luta.}}$
- 2. The tabulated steel design strength in shear must be checked against the bond strength/concrete capacity design strength to determine the controlling failure mode, the lowest
- 3. In the determination of the shear design strength values in cracked concrete, the steel strength requires an additional reduction factor applied for seismic shear (XV.seis), where seismic design is applicable.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (SOLID BASE MATERIALS)

DRILLING





- 1- Drill a hole into the base material with rotary hammer drill (i.e. percussion drill) and a carbide drill bit to the size and embedment required by the selected steel hardware element (reference installation specifications for threaded rod and reinforcing bar). The tolerances of the carbide drill bits, including hollow bits, must meet ANSI Standard B212.15.
- Precaution: Use suitable eye and skin protection. Avoid inhalation of dust during drilling and/or removal (see optional dust extraction equipment supplied by DEWALT to minimize dust emission).
- Note! In case of standing water in the drilled hole (flooded hole condition), all the water has to be removed from the hole (e.g. vacuum, compressed air, etc.) prior to cleaning.
- Drilling in dry base material is recommended when using hollow drill bits (vacuum must be on).

GO TO STEP 3 FOR HOLES DRILLED WITH DUSTX+™ DRILLING AND CLEANING SYSTEM; OTHERWISE GO TO STEP 2A.

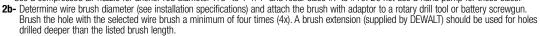
HOLE CLE



4X

4X

- 2a- Starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole, blow the hole clean using a compressed air nozzle (min. 90 psi) or a hand pump (min. volume 25 fl. oz.) supplied by DEWALT) a minimum of four times (4x).
- Use a compressed air nozzle or a hand pump for anchor rod diameters 3/8" to 3/4" or reinforcing bar (rebar) sizes #3 to #6.
- Use a compressed air nozzle for anchor rod diameter 7/8" to 1-1/4" and rebar sizes #7 to #10. Do not use a hand pump for these sizes.



- Note! The wire brush diameter should be checked periodically during use. The brush should resist insertion into the drilled hole and come into
 contact with the sides of the drilled hole. If not the brush is too small and must be replaced.
- **2c-** Finally, blow the hole clean again using a compressed air nozzle (min. 90 psi) or a hand pump (min. volume 25 fl.oz.) supplied by DEWALT a minimum of four times (4x).
- Use a compressed air nozzle or a hand pump for anchor rod diameters 3/8" to 3/4" or reinforcing bar (rebar) sizes #3 to #6.
- Use a compressed air nozzle for anchor rod diameters 7/8" to 1-1/4" and rebar sizes #7 to #10. Do not use a hand pump for these sizes.
- When finished the hole should be clean and free of dust, debris, ice, grease, oil or other foreign material.

PREPARING



- 3- Check adhesive expiration date on cartridge label. Do not use expired product. Review Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use. Cartridge temperature must be between 23°F 95°F (-5°C 35°C) when in use unless otherwise noted. Review gel (working) and cure time table. Consideration should be given to the reduced gel (working) time of the adhesive in warm temperatures.
- Remove cap from cartridge.



- ATTENTION! 8478SDF-PWR ONLY: If foil is present: cut across below the metal ring to open the foil.
- Attach a supplied mixing nozzle to the cartridge. Unless otherwise noted do not modify the mixer in any way. Make sure the mixing element is inside the nozzle. Load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool.
- Note! Use a new mixing nozzle with new cartridges of adhesive and also for all work interruptions exceeding the published gel (working) time of
 the adhesive.



- 4- Prior to inserting the anchor rod or rebar into the drilled hole, the position of the embedment depth has to be marked on the anchor.
- · Verify anchor element is straight and free of surface damage.
- 5- Adhesive must be properly mixed to achieve published properties. For new cartridges and nozzles, prior to dispensing adhesive into the drilled hole, separately dispense at least three full strokes of adhesive through the mixing nozzle until the adhesive is a consistent **GRAY** color.
- Unless otherwise noted, do not attach a used nozzle when changing to a new cartridge.
- Review and note the published working and cure times (see gel time and curing time table) prior to injection of the mixed adhesive into the cleaned anchor hole.

INSTALLATION

3X |



- **6-** Fill the cleaned hole approximately two-thirds full with mixed adhesive starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole. Slowly withdraw the mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets or voids. If the bottom or back of the anchor hole is not reached with the mixing nozzle only, a plastic extension tube supplied by DEWALT must be used with the mixing nozzle (see reference tables for installation).
- Piston plugs must be used with and attached to mixing nozzle and extension tube for overhead (i.e. upwardly inclined) installations and horizontal
 installations with anchor sizes as indicated in the piston plug selection table. Insert piston plug to the back of the drilled hole and inject as described
 in the method above. During installation the piston plug will be naturally extruded from the drilled hole by the adhesive pressure.
- Attention! Do not install anchors overhead without proper training and installation hardware provided by DEWALT. Contact DEWALT for details.



7- The anchor should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material. Push clean threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the anchor hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached. Observe the gel (working) time.



8- Be sure the rod or rebar is fully seated at the bottom of the hole to the specified embedment. Adhesive must completely fill the annular gap between the anchor and the base material. Protect exposed anchor threads from fouling with adhesive. For all installations the anchor must be restrained from movement throughout the specified curing period (as necessary) where necessary through the use of temporary wedges, external supports, or other methods. Minor adjustments to the position of the anchor element may be performed during the gel (working) time only.

CURING AND LOADING



- 9- Allow the adhesive anchor to cure to the specified full curing time prior to applying any load (reference gel time and curing time table).
- · Do not disturb, torque or load the anchor until it is fully cured.



- 10- After full curing of the adhesive anchor, a fixture can be installed to the anchor and tightened up to the maximum torque (reference gel time and curing table) by using a calibrated torque wrench.
- Note! Take care not to exceed the maximum torque for the selected anchor.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (UNREINFORCED MASONRY [URM WALLS] AND HOLLOW BASE MATERIALS)

DRILLING



1- Drill a hole into the base material with a rotary drill tool to the size and embedment required by the selected screen tube size and steel anchor element (see installation specifications for threaded rod in hollow base material with screen tube supplied by DEWALT). Holes drilled in hollow concrete masonry units may be drilled with a rotary hammer-drill. The tolerances of the drill bit, including hollow drill bits, must meet the requirements of ANSI B212.15.



- Precaution: Wear suitable eye and skin protection. Avoid inhalation of dust during drilling and/or removal (see dust extraction by DEWALT to minimize dust emission).
- Drilling in dry base materials is recommended when using hollow drill bits (vacuum must be on).

GO TO STEP 3 FOR HOLES DRILLED WITH DUSTX+™ DRILLING AND CLEANING SYSTEM; OTHERWISE GO TO STEP 2.

HOLE CLEANING (BLOW 2X. BRUSH 2X. BLOW 2X)



2- Starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole, blow the hole clean with a hand pump with min. volume 25 fl.oz. supplied by DEWALT (Cat #08280-PWR) or compressed air nozzle a minimum of two times (2x).



- Determine the wire brush diameter (see installation specifications) and attach the brush with adaptor to a rotary drill tool or battery screw gun.
 Brush the hole with the selected wire brush a minimum of two times (2x). A brush extension supplied by DEWALT (Cat. #08282-PWR) should be used for holes drilled deeper than the listed brush length.
- Note! The wire brush should be checked periodically during use. The brush should resist insertion into the drilled hole and come into contact with the sides of the drilled hole. If not the brush is too small and must be replaced.



- Finally, blow the hole clean again a minimum of two times (2x)
 When finished the hole should be clean and free of dust, debris, ice, grease, oil or other foreign material.
- 2¥

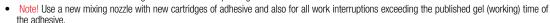
PREPARING



- 3- Check adhesive expiration date on cartridge label. Do not use expired product. Review Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use. Cartridge temperature must be between 23°F 95°F (-5°C 35°C) when in use unless otherwise noted. Review gel (working) and cure time table. Consideration should be given to the reduced gel (working) time of the adhesive in warm temperatures.
- Remove cap from cartridge.

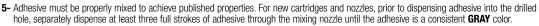


- ATTENTION! 8478SDF-PWR ONLY: If foil is present: cut across below the metal ring to open the foil.
- Attach a supplied mixing nozzle to the cartridge. Unless otherwise noted do not modify the mixer in any way. Make sure the mixing element is
 inside the nozzle. Load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool.





- 4- Prior to inserting the anchor rod or rebar into the drilled hole, the position of the embedment depth has to be marked on the anchor.
- Verify anchor element is straight and free of surface damage.





- Unless otherwise noted, do not attach a used nozzle when changing to a new cartridge
- Review and note the published working and cure times (see gel time and curing time table) prior to injection of the mixed adhesive into the cleaned anchor hole.

INSTALLATION



6- Select a screen tube of suitable length supplied by DEWALT. Fill the screen tube full with adhesive starting from the bottom or back of the tube. Slowly withdraw the mixing nozzle as the screen fills to avoid creating air pockets or voids. A plastic extension tube must be used with the mixing nozzle if the back of the screen tube cannot be reached (see reference tables for installation).



- 7- Insert the screen tube filled with adhesive into the cleaned anchor hole. Inject additional adhesive into the screen tube as necessary to ensure the screen tube is completely filled.
- Note! Overfilling the screen tube is acceptable but not required.



- 8- Prior to inserting the anchor rod into the screen tube inspect it to ensure that it is free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.
- Push the threaded rod into the screen tube while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until back of the tube is reached.
- Note: In cases where the drilled hole size is larger than specified due to rotary drilling (e.g. an elongated opening), the annular space between the screen tube and the hole at the base material surface must be filled with adhesive.

CURING AND FIXTURE



- 9- Allow the adhesive anchor to cure to the specified full curing time prior to applying any load.
- Do not disturb, torque or load the anchor until it is fully cured (see gel time and curing time table).



- **10-** After full curing of the adhesive anchor, a fixture can be installed to the anchor and tightened up to the maximum torque (see installation specifications for threaded rod in hollow base material) by using a calibrated torque wrench.
- Note! Take care not to exceed the maximum torque for the selected anchor.



REFERENCE INSTALLATION TABLES

Gel (working) Time and Curing Table

| Temperature of | f Base Material | Gel (working) Time | Full Curing Time |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------|
| °F | °C | dei (working) tillie | ruii Curing Time |
| 14 | -10 | 90 minutes | 24 hours |
| 23 | -5 | 90 minutes | 14 hours |
| 32 | 0 | 45 minutes | 7 hours |
| 41 | 5 | 25 minutes | 2 hours |
| 50 | 10 | 15 minutes | 90 minutes |
| 68 | 20 | 6 minutes | 45 minutes |
| 86 | 30 | 4 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 95 | 35 | 2 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 104 | 40 | 1.5 minutes | 15 minutes |

The gel (working) times listed for 32°F to 95°F are also applicable for the temperature of the adhesive and use of mixing nozzes during installation.

For installations in base material temperatures between 14°F and 23°F (-10°C and -5°C) the cartridge temperature must be conditioned to between 68°F and 95°F (20°C - 35°C).

Wire Brush Selection Table for AC100+ Gold^{1,2}

| Nominal Wire Brush Size (inch) | ANSI Drill Bit Diameter (inch) | Brush Length (inches) | Steel Wire Brush (Cat. #) | Blowout Tool | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| | | Solid Base Material | | | |
| 7/16 | 7/16 | 7 | 08284-PWR | | |
| 9/16 | 9/16 | 7 | 08285-PWR | Hand-pump | |
| 5/8 | 5/8 | 7 | 08275-PWR | (Cat #08280-PWR) | |
| 11/16 | 11/16 | 9 | 08286-PWR | or compressed | |
| 3/4 | 3/4 | 9 | 08278-PWR | air nozzle | |
| 7/8 | 7/8 | 9 | 08287-PWR | 1 | |
| 1 | 1 | 11 | 08288-PWR | | |
| 1-1/8 | 1-1/8 | 11 | 08289-PWR | Compressed air | |
| 1-3/8 | 1-3/8 | 11 | 08290-PWR | nozzle only | |
| 1-1/2 | 1-1/2 | 11 | 08291-PWR | | |
| | Holi | ow Base Material (with Screen Tul | be) | | |
| 3/8 | 3/8 (SS screen) | 7 | 08284-PWR | | |
| 1/2 | 1/2 (SS screen) | 7 | 08284-PWR | 7 | |
| 9/16 | 9/16 (plastic screen) | 7 | 08285-PWR | _ | |
| 5/8 | 5/8 (SS screen) | 7 | 08275-PWR | Hand pump (Cat# 08280-PWR) or compressed air nozzle | |
| 3/4 | 3/4 (plastic screen) | 9 | 08278-PWR | | |
| 3/4 | 3/4 (SS screen) | 9 | 08278-PWR | | |
| 7/8 | 7/8 (plastic screen) | 9 | 08287-PWR | | |
| 7/8 | 7/8 (SS screen) | 9 | 08287-PWR | - - | |
| 1 | 1 (SS screen) | 11 | 08288-PWR | | |

^{1.} An SDS-plus adaptor (Cat. #08283-PWR) or Jacobs chuck style adaptor (Cat. #08296-PWR) is available to attach a steel wire brush to the drill tool.

For Retrofit Bolt Anchors in URM Walls, including separate installation details, see the table in this tech section entitled "Allowable Load Capacities for AC100+ Gold with Threaded Rods and Reinforcing Bars or Rebar Dowel Installed in Unreinforced Masonry Walls with Stainless Steel Screen Tubes"

Piston Plug Selection Table for Adhesive Anchors^{1,2,3,4}

| Drill Bit Diameter (inch) | Plug Size (inch) | Piston Plug (Cat. #) | Premium Piston Plug (Cat. #) |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 11/16 | 11/16 | 08258-PWR | PFC1691515 |
| 3/4 | 3/4 | 08259-PWR | PFC1691520 |
| 7/8 | 7/8 | 08300-PWR | PFC1691530 |
| 1 | 1 | 08301-PWR | PFC1691540 |
| 1-1/8 | 1-1/8 | 08303-PWR | PFC1691550 |
| 1-1/4 | 1-1/4 | 08307-PWR | PFC1691555 |
| 1-3/8 | 1-3/8 | 08305-PWR | PFC1691560 |
| 1-1/2 | 1-1/2 | 08309-PWR | PFC1691570 |
| 1-3/4 | 1-3/4 | - | PFC1691580 |
| 2 | 2 | - | PFC1691590 |
| 2-3/16 | 2-3/16 | - | PFC1691600 |

- 1. All overhead or upwardly inclined installations require the use of piston plugs where one is tabulated together with the anchor size.
- 2. All horizontal installations require the use of piston plugs where the embedment depth is greater than 8 inches and the drill bit size is larger than 5/8-inch.
- 3. The use of piston plugs is also recommended for underwater installations where one is tabulated together with the anchor size.
- 4. A flexible plastic extension tube (Cat. #08281-PWR or #08297-PWR) or equivalent approved by DEWALT must be used with piston plugs.

^{2.} A brush extension (Cat. #08282-PWR) must be used for holes drilled deeper than the listed brush length.



ORDERING INFORMATION

AC100+ Gold Cartridges (10:1 mix ratio)

| | <u> </u> | | | |
|-------------|--|-----------|-------------|--------|
| Cat. No. | Description | Pack Qty. | Std. Carton | Pallet |
| 8478SD-PWR | AC100+ Gold 9.5 fl. oz. Quick-Shot | 12 | 36 | 648 |
| 8478SDF-PWR | AC100+ Gold 9.5 fl. oz. Quick-Shot Foil | 12 | 36 | 648 |
| 8578SD-PWR | AC100+ Gold 14 fl. oz. coaxial cartridge | - | 12 | 540 |
| 8490SD-PWR | AC100+ Gold 28 fl. oz. dual cartridge | - | 8 | 240 |
| | | | | |

An AC100+ Gold mixing nozzle is packaged with each cartridge.

AC100+ Gold mixing nozzles must be used to ensure complete and proper mixing of the adhesive.



Cartridge System Mixing Nozzles

| Cat. No. | Description | Pack Qty. | Carton Qty. |
|-----------|---|-----------|-------------|
| 08293-PWR | B-PWR Mixing nozzle for AC100+ Gold | | 24 |
| 08294-PWR | Long mixing nozzle (with an 8" extension) for AC100+ Gold | 2 | 24 |
| 08281-PWR | Mixing nozzle extension, 8" long | 2 | 24 |
| 08297-PWR | Flexible extension tubing, 20" long | 12 | 36 |



Dispensing Tools for Injection Adhesive

| Description | Pack Qty. |
|---|--|
| Manual caulking gun for Quick-Shot | 1 |
| Quick-Shot 20v battery powered caulking gun | 1 |
| 14 fl. oz. standard metal manual tool | 1 |
| AC100+ Gold 28 oz. std. metal manual tool | 1 |
| 28 oz. pneumatic tool | 1 |
| 28 oz. 20v battery powered dispensing tool | 1 |
| | Manual caulking gun for Quick-Shot Quick-Shot 20v battery powered caulking gun 14 fl. oz. standard metal manual tool AC100+ Gold 28 oz. std. metal manual tool 28 oz. pneumatic tool |

Hole Cleaning Tools and Accessories

| Cat. No. | Description | Pack Qty. |
|-----------|---|-----------|
| 08284-PWR | Wire brush for 7/16" or 1/2" ANSI hole, 7" length | 1 |
| 08285-PWR | Wire brush for 9/16" ANSI hole, 7" length | 1 |
| 08275-PWR | Wire brush for 5/8" ANSI hole, 7" length | 1 |
| 08286-PWR | Wire brush for 11/16" ANSI hole, 9" length | 1 |
| 08278-PWR | Wire brush for 3/4" ANSI hole, 9" length | 1 |
| 08287-PWR | Wire brush for 7/8" ANSI hole, 9" length | 1 |
| 08288-PWR | Wire brush for 1" ANSI hole, 11" length | 1 |
| 08289-PWR | Wire brush for 1-1/8" ANSI hole, 11" length | 1 |
| 08276-PWR | Wire brush for 1-1/4" ANSI hole, 11" length | 1 |
| 08290-PWR | Wire brush for 1-3/8" ANSI hole, 11" length | 1 |
| 08291-PWR | Wire brush for 1-1/2" ANSI hole, 11" length | 1 |
| 08299-PWR | Wire brush for 1-3/4" ANSI hole, 11" length | 1 |
| 08271-PWR | Wire brush for 2" ANSI hole, 11" length | 1 |
| 08272-PWR | Wire brush for 2-3/16" ANSI hole, 11" length | 1 |
| 08283-PWR | SDS-plus adapter for steel brushes | 1 |
| 08296-PWR | Standard drill adapter for steel brushes (e.g. Jacobs Chuck) | 1 |
| 08282-PWR | Steel brush extension, 12" length | 1 |
| 08280-PWR | Hand pump/dust blower (25 fl. oz. clylinder volume) | 1 |
| 08292-PWR | Air compressor nozzle with extension, 18" length | 1 |

Premium Piston Plugs

| Cat. No. | Description | ANSI Drill Bit Dia. | Pack Qty. |
|------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------|
| PFC1691510 | 5/8" Plug | 5/8" | 1 |
| PFC1691515 | 11/16" Plug | 11/16" | 1 |
| PFC1691520 | 3/4" Plug | 3/4" | 1 |
| PFC1691530 | 7/8" Plug | 7/8" | 1 |
| PFC1691540 | 1" Plug | 1" | 1 |
| PFC1691550 | 1-1/8" Plug | 1-1/8" | 1 |
| PFC1691555 | 1-1/4" Plug | 1-1/4" | 1 |
| PFC1691560 | 1-3/8" Plug | 1-3/8" | 1 |
| PFC1691570 | 1-1/2" Plug | 1-1/2" | 1 |
| PFC1691580 | 1-3/4" Plug | 1-3/4" | 1 |
| PFC1691590 | 2" Plug | 2" | 1 |
| PFC1691600 | 2-3/16" Plug | 2-3/16" | 1 |

Stainless Steel Screen Tubes

| Cat. No. | Description | Drill Bit Dia. | Pack Qty. |
|-----------|---------------------------|----------------|-----------|
| 07960-PWR | 1/4" x 2" Screen Tube | 3/8" | 25 |
| 07862-PWR | 1/4" x 6" Screen Tube* | 3/8" | 25 |
| 07864-PWR | 1/4" x 8"Screen Tube* | 3/8" | 25 |
| 07856-PWR | 3/8" x 2" Screen Tube | 1/2" | 25 |
| 07961-PWR | 3/8" x 3-1/2" Screen Tube | 1/2" | 25 |
| 07962-PWR | 3/8" x 6" Screen Tube* | 1/2" | 25 |
| 07963-PWR | 3/8" x 8" Screen Tube* | 1/2" | 25 |
| 07964-PWR | 3/8" x 10" Screen Tube* | 1/2" | 25 |
| 07959-PWR | 3/8" x 12" Screen Tube* | 1/2" | 25 |
| 07857-PWR | 1/2" x 2" Screen Tube | 5/8" | 25 |
| 07965-PWR | 1/2" x 3-1/2" Screen Tube | 5/8" | 25 |
| 07966-PWR | 1/2" x 6" Screen Tube | 5/8" | 25 |
| 07967-PWR | 1/2" x 8" Screen Tube* | 5/8" | 25 |
| 07968-PWR | 1/2" x 10" Screen Tube* | 5/8" | 25 |
| 07858-PWR | 5/8" x 2" Screen Tube | 3/4" | 25 |
| 07969-PWR | 5/8" x 4-1/2" Screen Tube | 3/4" | 20 |
| 07970-PWR | 5/8" x 6" Screen Tube | 3/4" | 20 |
| 07971-PWR | 5/8" x 8" Screen Tube | 3/4" | 20 |
| 07972-PWR | 5/8" x 10" Screen Tube | 3/4" | 20 |
| 07859-PWR | 3/4" x 2" Screen Tube | 7/8" | 25 |
| 07973-PWR | 3/4" x 6 Screen Tube | 7/8" | 10 |
| 07977-PWR | 3/4" x 8 Screen Tube | 7/8" | 10 |
| 07974-PWR | 3/4" x 10 Screen Tube | 7/8" | 10 |
| 07975-PWR | 3/4" x 13 Screen Tube | 7/8" | 10 |
| 07978-PWR | 3/4" x 17 Screen Tube | 7/8" | 10 |
| 07855-PWR | 15/16" x 2" Screen Tube | 1" | 25 |
| 07865-PWR | 15/16" x 8" Screen Tube | 1" | 10 |
| 07867-PWR | 15/16" x 13" Screen Tube | 1" | 10 |
| 07869-PWR | 15/16" x 17" Screen Tube | 1" | 10 |

Screen tubes are made from a 300 series stainless steel. The nominal diameter of the screen listed indicates the matching rod diameter (except for the 15/16" screen tubes). 15/16" screen tubes can accept 3/4" diameter threaded rods and #4, #5 or #6 reinforcing bars for unreinforced masonry wall applications (URM).

*Includes extension tubing.

Piston Plugs for Adhesive Anchors

| Description | Drill Bit Dia. | Pack Qty. | Carton Qty. |
|-------------|--|--|---|
| 5/8" Plug | 5/8" | 10 | 100 |
| 11/16" Plug | 11/16" | 10 | 100 |
| 3/4" Plug | 3/4" | 10 | 100 |
| 7/8" Plug | 7/8" | 10 | 100 |
| 1" Plug | 1" | 10 | 100 |
| 1-1/8" Plug | 1-1/8" | 10 | 100 |
| 1-3/8" Plug | 1-3/8" | 10 | 100 |
| 1-1/4" Plug | 1-1/4" | 10 | 100 |
| 1-1/2" Plug | 1-1/2" | 10 | 100 |
| | 5/8" Plug 11/16" Plug 3/4" Plug 7/8" Plug 1" Plug 1-1/8" Plug 1-3/8" Plug 1-1/4" Plug | 5/8" Plug 5/8" 11/16" Plug 11/16" 3/4" Plug 3/4" 7/8" Plug 7/8" 1" Plug 1" 1-1/8" Plug 1-1/8" 1-3/8" Plug 1-3/8" 1-1/4" Plug 1-1/4" | 5/8" Plug 5/8" 10 11/16" Plug 11/16" 10 3/4" Plug 3/4" 10 7/8" Plug 7/8" 10 1" Plug 1" 10 1-1/8" Plug 1-1/8" 10 1-3/8" Plug 1-3/8" 10 1-1/4" Plug 1-1/4" 10 |

A plastic extension tube (Cat# 08281-PWR or 08297-PWR) or equivalent approved by DEWALT must be used with piston plugs.



Plastic Screen Tubes

| Cat. No. | Description | Drill Bit Dia. | Pack Qty. |
|--|--|--------------------|-----------|
| 08310-PWR | 3/8" x 3-1/2" Plastic Screen | 9/16" | 25 |
| 08311-PWR | 3/8" x 6" Plastic Screen | 9/16" | 25 |
| 08313-PWR | 3/8" x 8" Plastic Screen | 9/16" | 25 |
| 08315-PWR | 1/2" x 3-1/2" Plastic Screen | 3/4" | 25 |
| 08317-PWR | 1/2" x 6" Plastic Screen | 3/4" | 25 |
| 08321-PWR | 5/8" x 6" Plastic Screen | 7/8" | 25 |
| 08323-PWR 3/4" x 6" Plastic Screen 1" 10 | | | |
| The nominal diamet | ter of the screen listed indicates the | matching rod diame | eter. |

SDS+ Full Head Carbide Drill Bits

| Cat. No. | Diameter | Usable Length | Overall Length |
|----------|----------|---------------|----------------|
| DW5527 | 3/8" | 4" | 6-1/2" |
| DW5529 | 3/8" | 8" | 10" |
| DW55300 | 3/8" | 10" | 12" |
| DW5531 | 3/8" | 16" | 18" |
| DW5537 | 1/2" | 4" | 6" |
| DW5538 | 1/2" | 8" | 10-1/2" |
| DW5539 | 1/2" | 10" | 12" |
| DW5540 | 1/2" | 16" | 18" |

SDS Max 4-Cutter Carbide Drill Bits

| 3D3 Max 4-Gutter Garbiue Drill Dits | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|---------------|----------------|--|
| Cat. No. | Diameter | Usable Length | Overall Length | |
| DW5806 | 5/8" | 8" | 13-1/2" | |
| DW5809 | 5/8" | 16" | 21-1/2" | |
| DW5807 | 5/8" | 31" | 36" | |
| DW5808 | 11/16" | 16" | 21-1/2" | |
| DW5810 | 3/4" | 8" | 13-1/2" | |
| DW5812 | 3/4" | 16" | 21-1/2" | |
| DW5813 | 3/4" | 31" | 36" | |
| DW5814 | 13/16" | 16" | 21-1/2" | |
| DW5815 | 7/8" | 8" | 13-1/2" | |
| DW5816 | 7/8" | 16" | 21-1/2" | |
| DW5851 | 7/8" | 31" | 36" | |
| DW5818 | 1" | 8" | 13-1/2" | |
| DW5819 | 1" | 16" | 22-1/2" | |
| DW5852 | 1" | 24" | 29" | |
| DW5820 | 1" | 31" | 36" | |
| DW5821 | 1-1/8" | 10" | 15" | |
| DW5822 | 1-1/8" | 18" | 22-1/2" | |
| DW5853 | 1-1/8" | 24" | 29" | |
| DW5854 | 1-1/8" | 31" | 36" | |
| DW5824 | 1-1/4" | 10" | 15" | |
| DW5825 | 1-1/4" | 18" | 22-1/2" | |

SDS+ 4-Cutter Carbide Drill Bits

| 0201 1 044001 04410140 2144 2140 | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Cat. No. | Diameter | Usable Length | Overall Length | | | | |
| DW5471 | 5/8" | 8" | 10" | | | | |
| DW5472 | 5/8" | 16" | 18" | | | | |
| DW5474 | 3/4" | 8" | 10" | | | | |
| DW5475 | 3/4" | 16" | 18" | | | | |
| DW5477 | 7/8" | 8" | 10" | | | | |
| DW5478 | 7/8" | 16" | 18" | | | | |
| DW5479 | 1" | 8" | 10" | | | | |
| DW5480 | 1" | 16" | 18" | | | | |
| DW5481 | 1-1/8" | 8" | 10" | | | | |
| DW5482 | 1-1/8" | 6" | 18" | | | | |

Dust Extraction

| Dust Extraction | | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--|--|
| Cat. No. | Description | | | |
| DWV012 | 10 Gallon Wet/Dry Hepa/Rrp Dust Extractor DWV9402 Fleece bag (5 pack) for DEWALT dust extractors DWV9316 Replacement Anti-Static Hose DWV9320 Replacement HEPA Filter Set (Type 1) | | | |
| DWH050K | VH050K Dust Extraction with two interchangeable drilling heads | | | |
| DCB1800B | 1800 Watt Portable Power Station & Parallel Battery Charger Bare Unit | | | |



Hollow Drill Bits

| nulluw Drill Dits | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------|----------|----------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Shank | Cat. No. | Diameter | Overall Length | Usable Length | Recommended Hammer | | |
| SDS+ | DWA54012 | 1/2" | 14-1/2" | 9-3/4" | DCH133 / DCH273 / DCH293 | | |
| | DWA54916 | 9/16" | 14-1/2" | 9-3/4" | DCH133 / DCH273 / DCH293 | | |
| | DWA54058 | 5/8" | 14-1/2" | 9-3/4" | DCH133 / DCH273 / DCH293 | | |
| | DWA54034 | 3/4" | 14-1/2" | 9-3/4" | DCH133 / DCH273 / DCH293 | | |
| SDS Max | DWA58058 | 5/8" | 23-5/8" | 15-3/4" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58958 | 5/8" | 47-1/4" | 39-3/8" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58116 | 11/16" | 24-3/4" | 15-3/4" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58034 | 3/4" | 23-5/8" | 15-3/4" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58934 | 3/4" | 47-1/4" | 39-3/8" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58078 | 7/8" | 23-5/8" | 15-3/4" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58001 | 1" | 23-5/8" | 15-3/4" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58901 | 1" | 47-1/4" | 39-3/8" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58118 | 1-1/8" | 23-5/8" | 15-3/4" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58918 | 1-1/8" | 47-1/4" | 39-3/8" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58115 | 1-1/4" | 23-5/8" | 15-3/4" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58114 | 1-1/4" | 47-1/4" | 39-3/8" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58138 | 1-3/8" | 47-1/4" | 39-3/8" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |
| | DWA58112 | 1-1/2" | 47-1/4" | 39-3/8" | DCH481 / D25603K | | |

